

FEGATO

ABDOMINAL  
GENERIC

CA421 5-2  
CONN : A



CIRR MACRO

B:4.0 / DPT 163mm / G 95

LV1420.SW.003 CTI

*Technos*

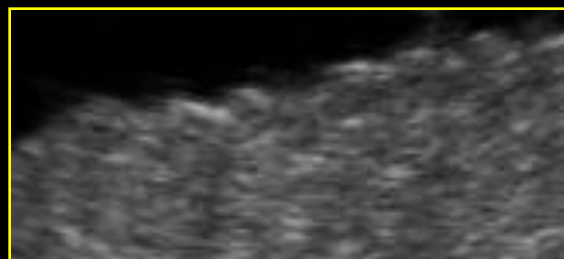
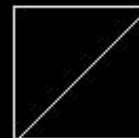
29/11/2001

PB 4

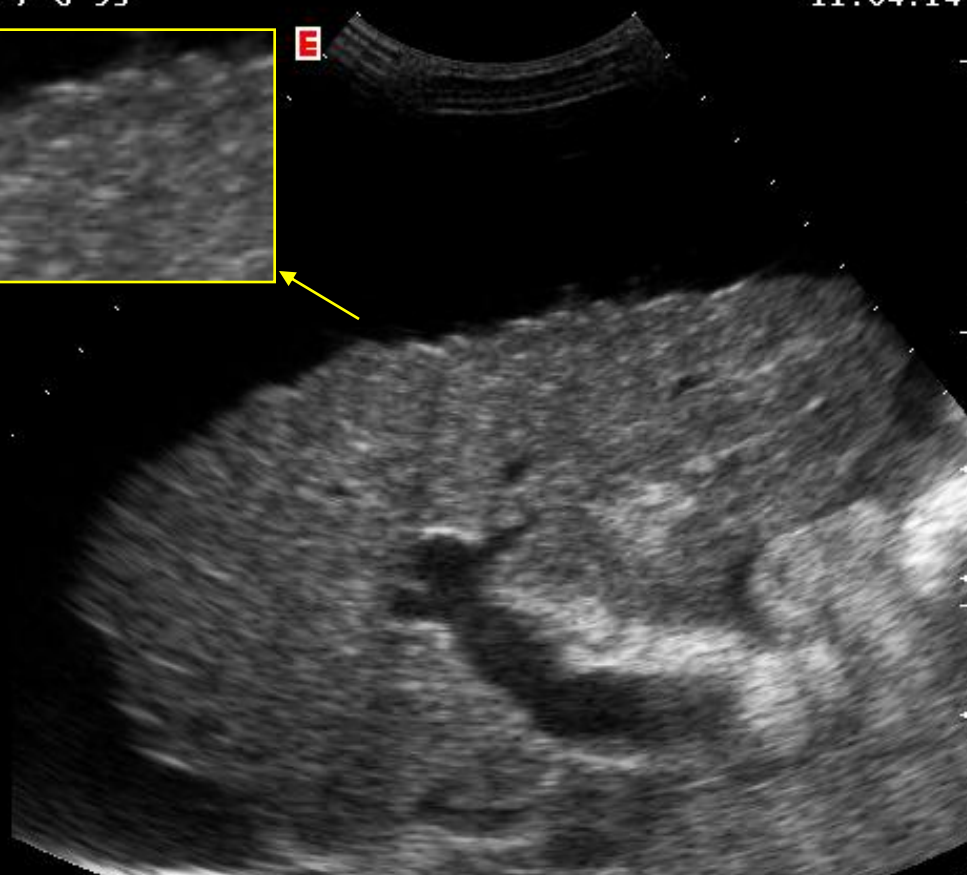
11:04:14 AM

SCC 7

ENH 2

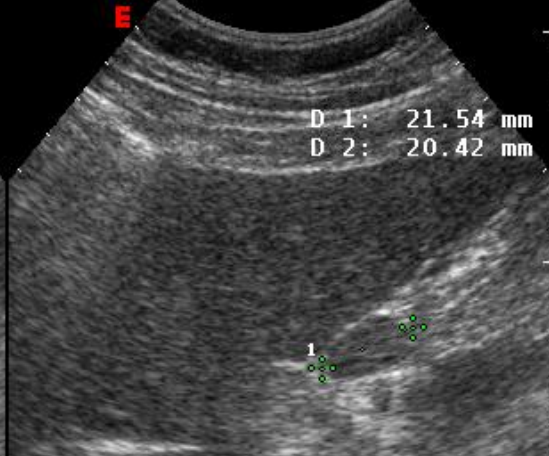
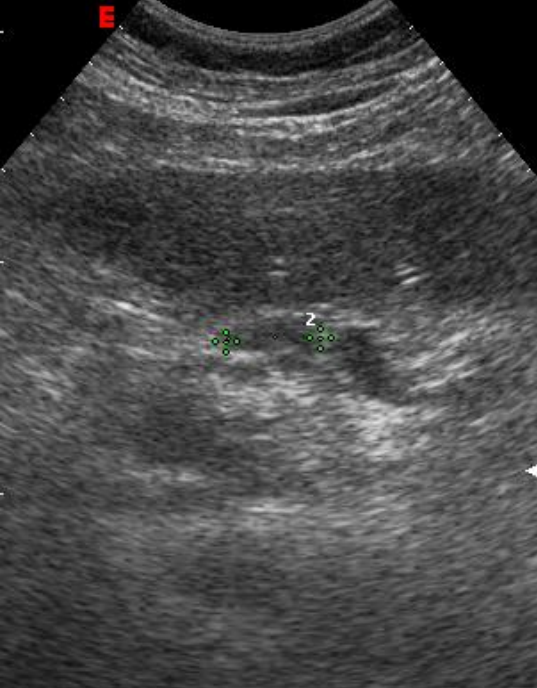


E

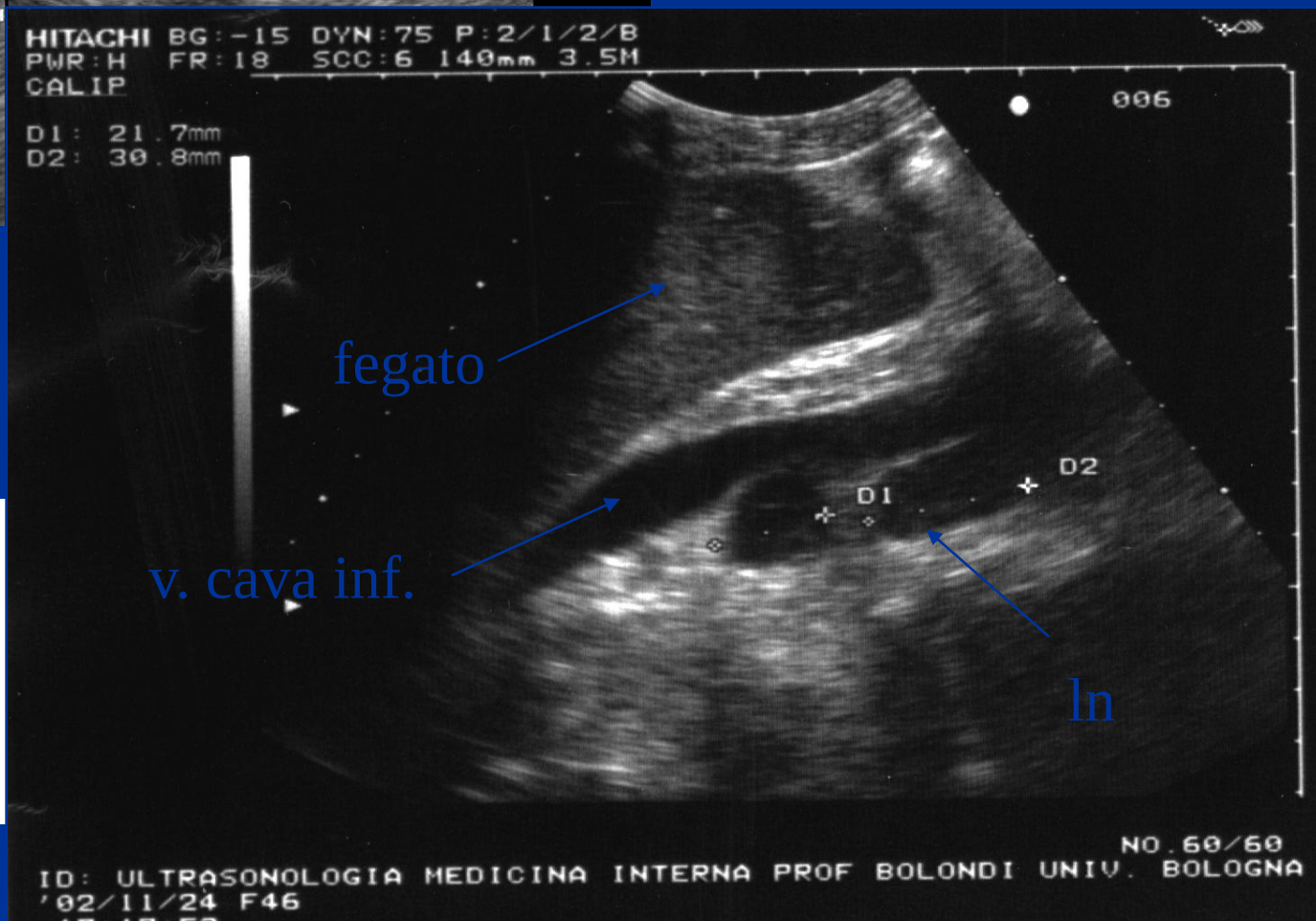


37/37

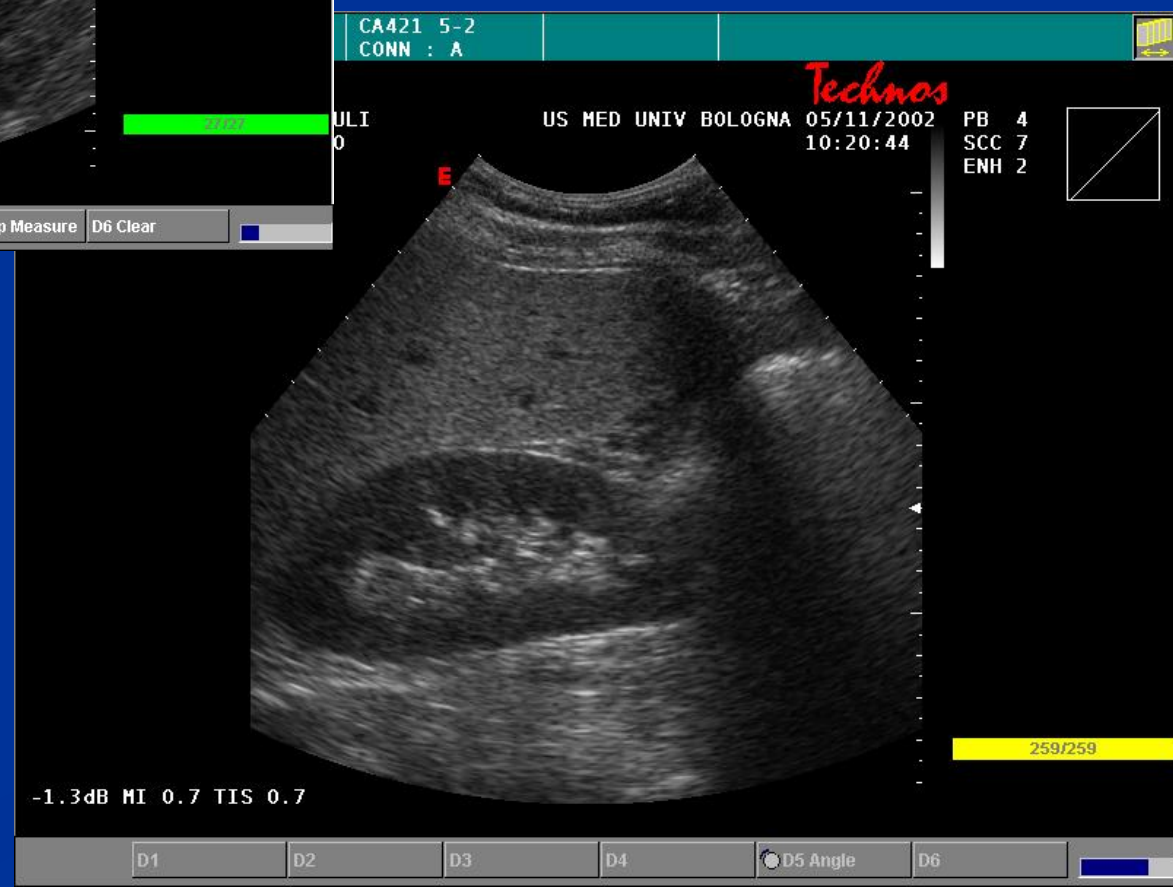
Lobo destro in cirrosi scompensata:  
i profili appaiono francamente macro-nodulari



Linfoadenopatia all'ilo  
epatico di natura  
benigna reattiva in  
cirrosi HCV



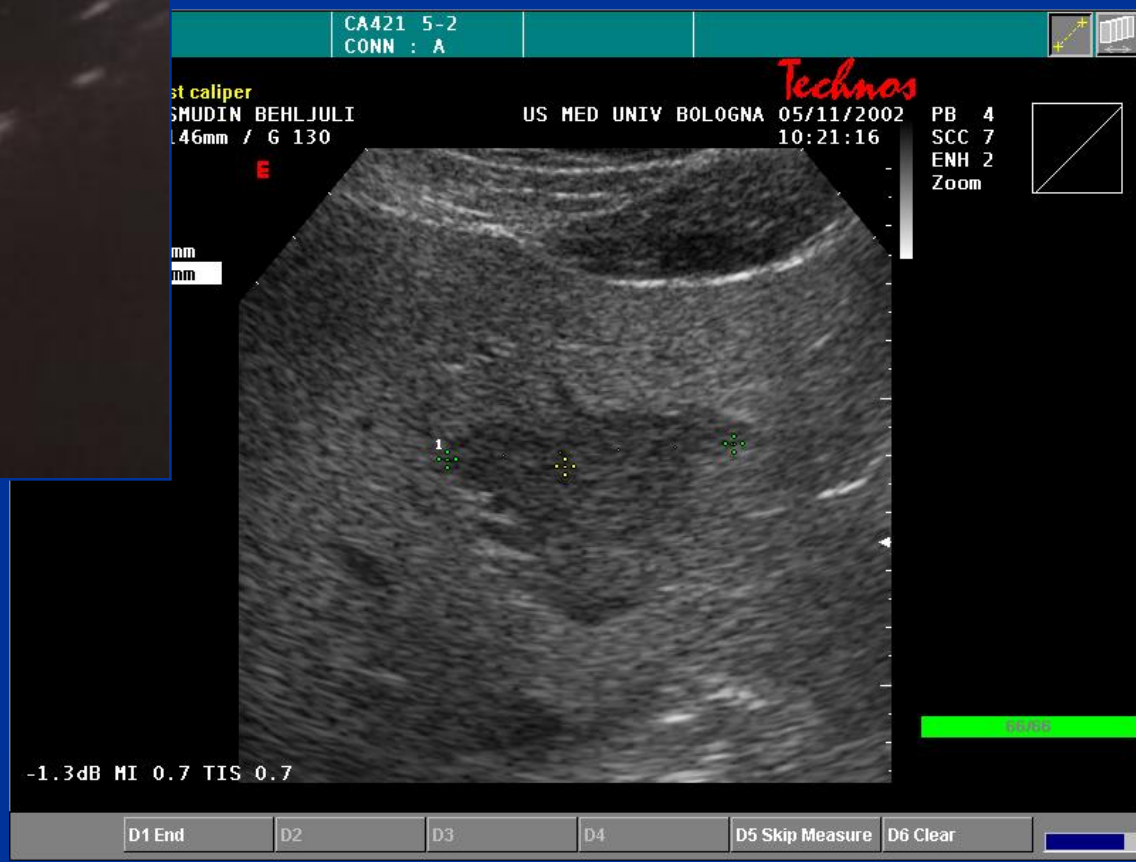
Linfonodi retrocavali  
con aspetto patologico  
tumorale  
(rotondeggianti  
ipoecogeni)







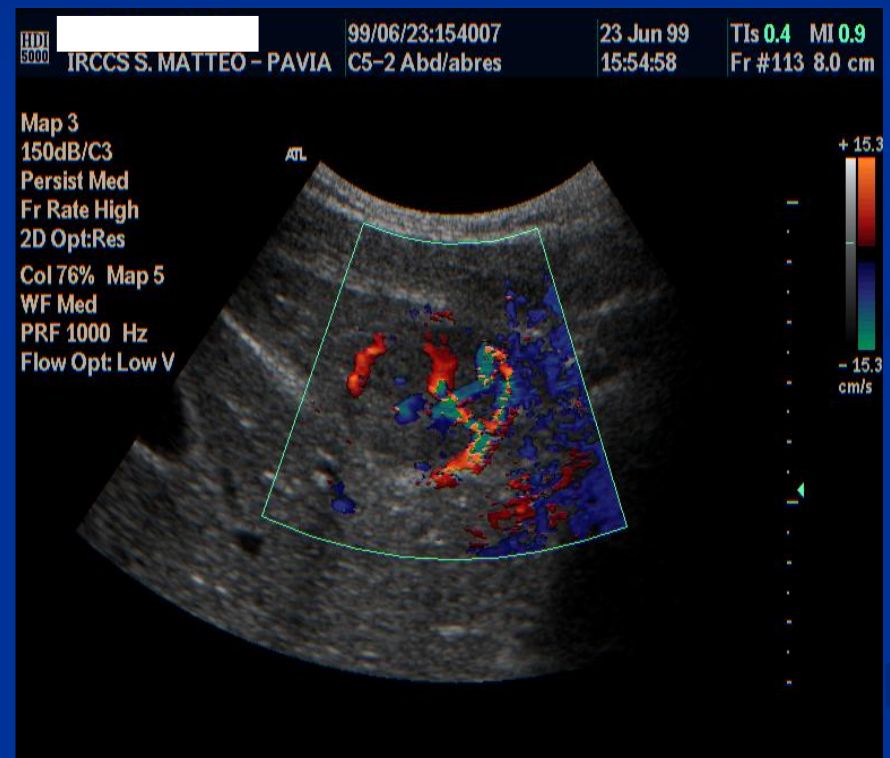
Aree di risparmio in  
steatosi



# FEGATO

## LESIONI FOCALI

# FNH - US



# FNH - US



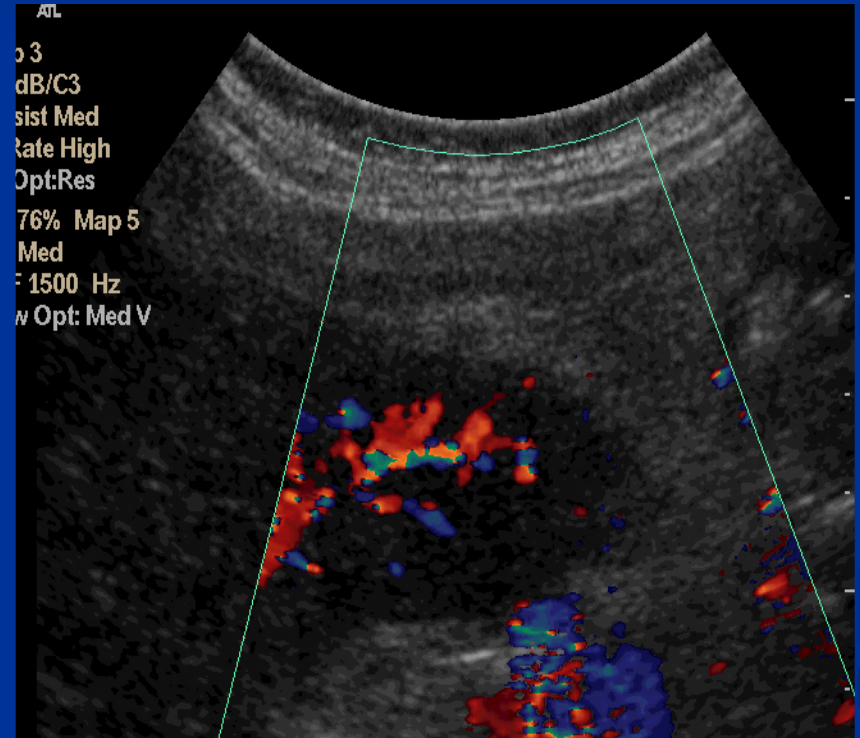
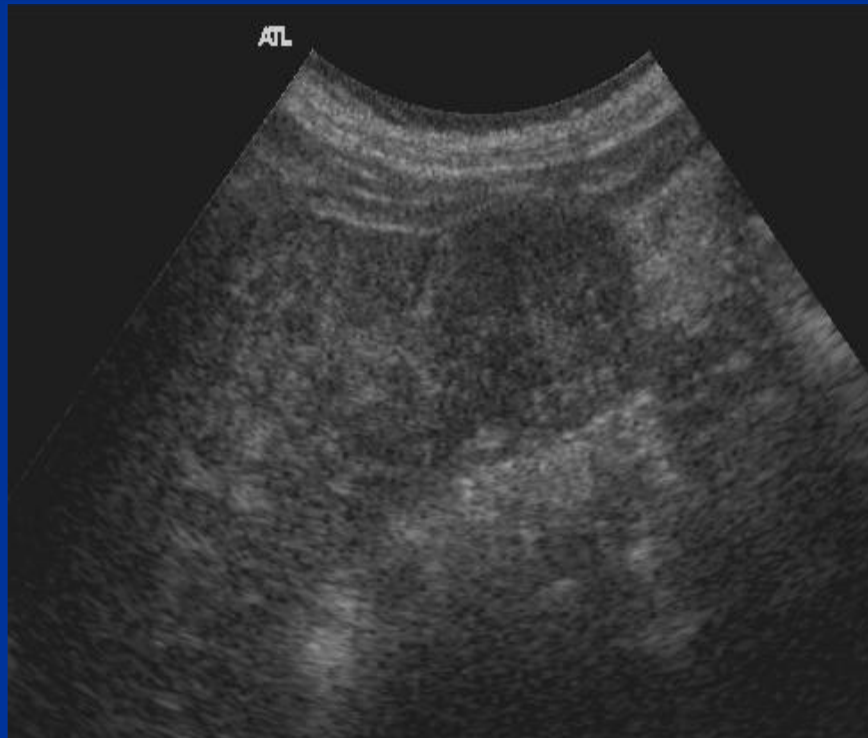
# FNH - US



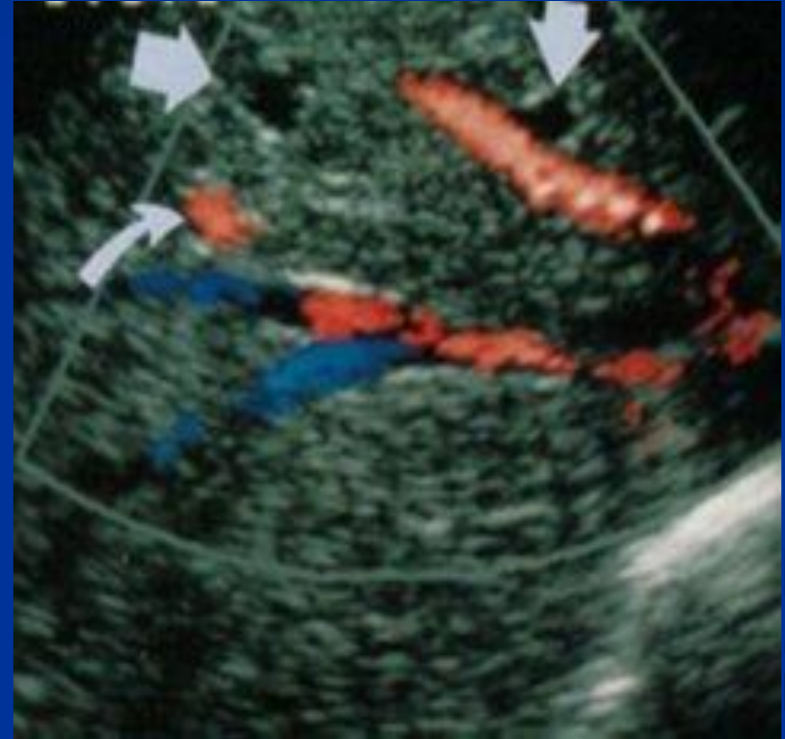
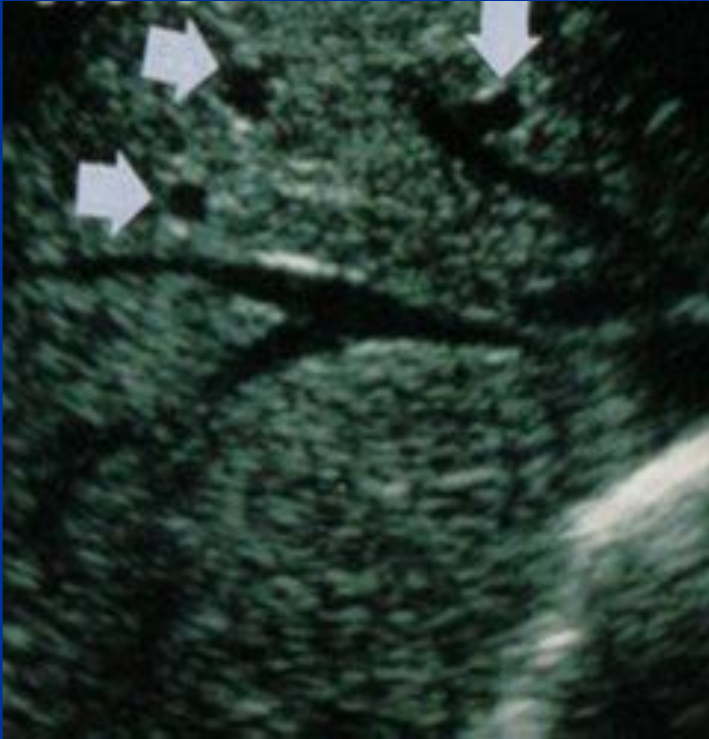
Fase arteriosa Portale



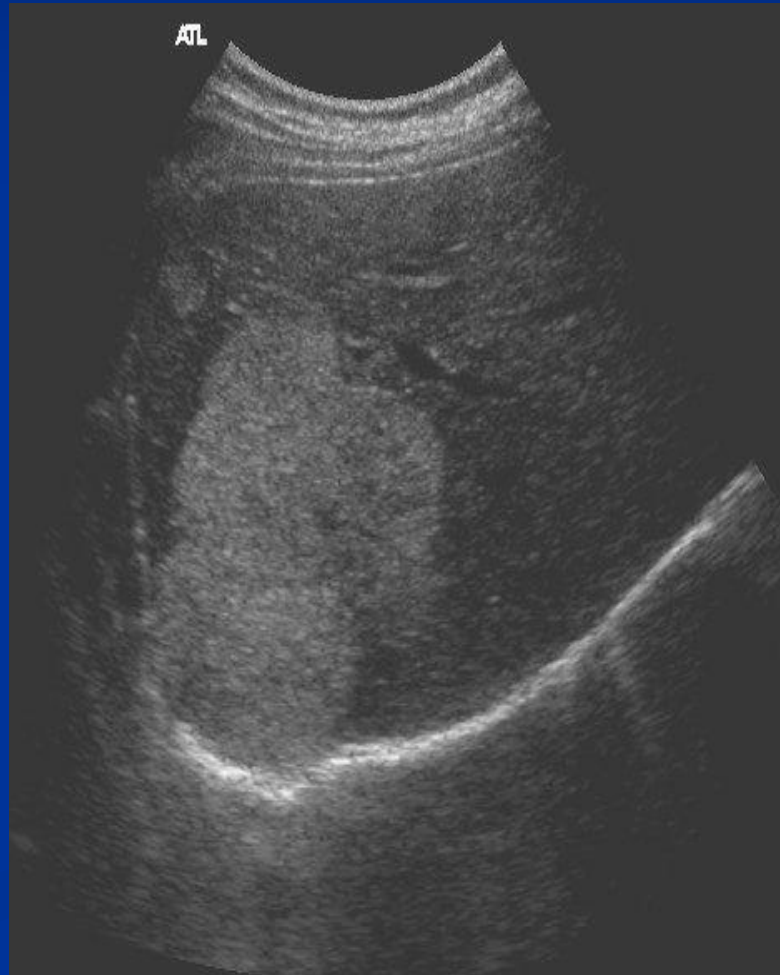
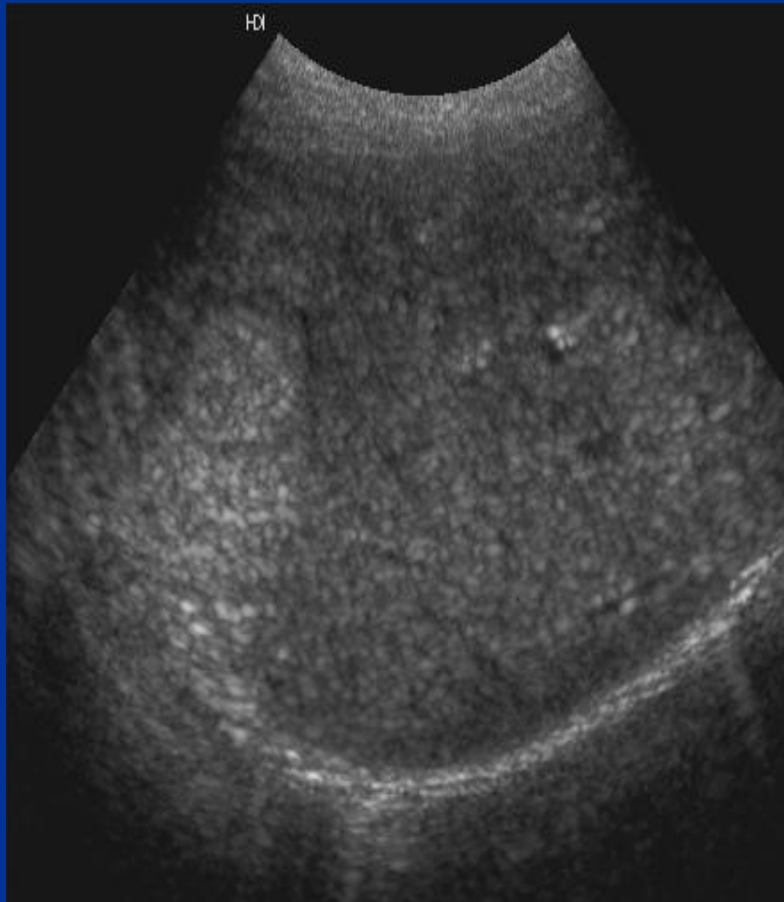
# HCA - US



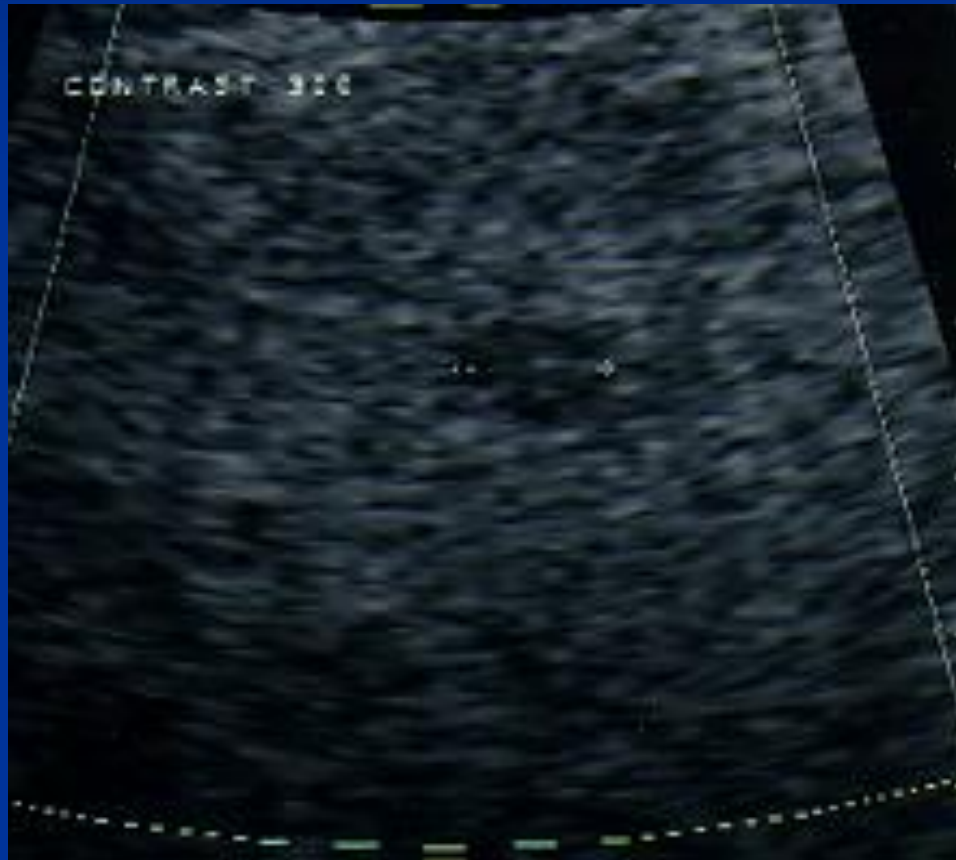
# Cisti - US



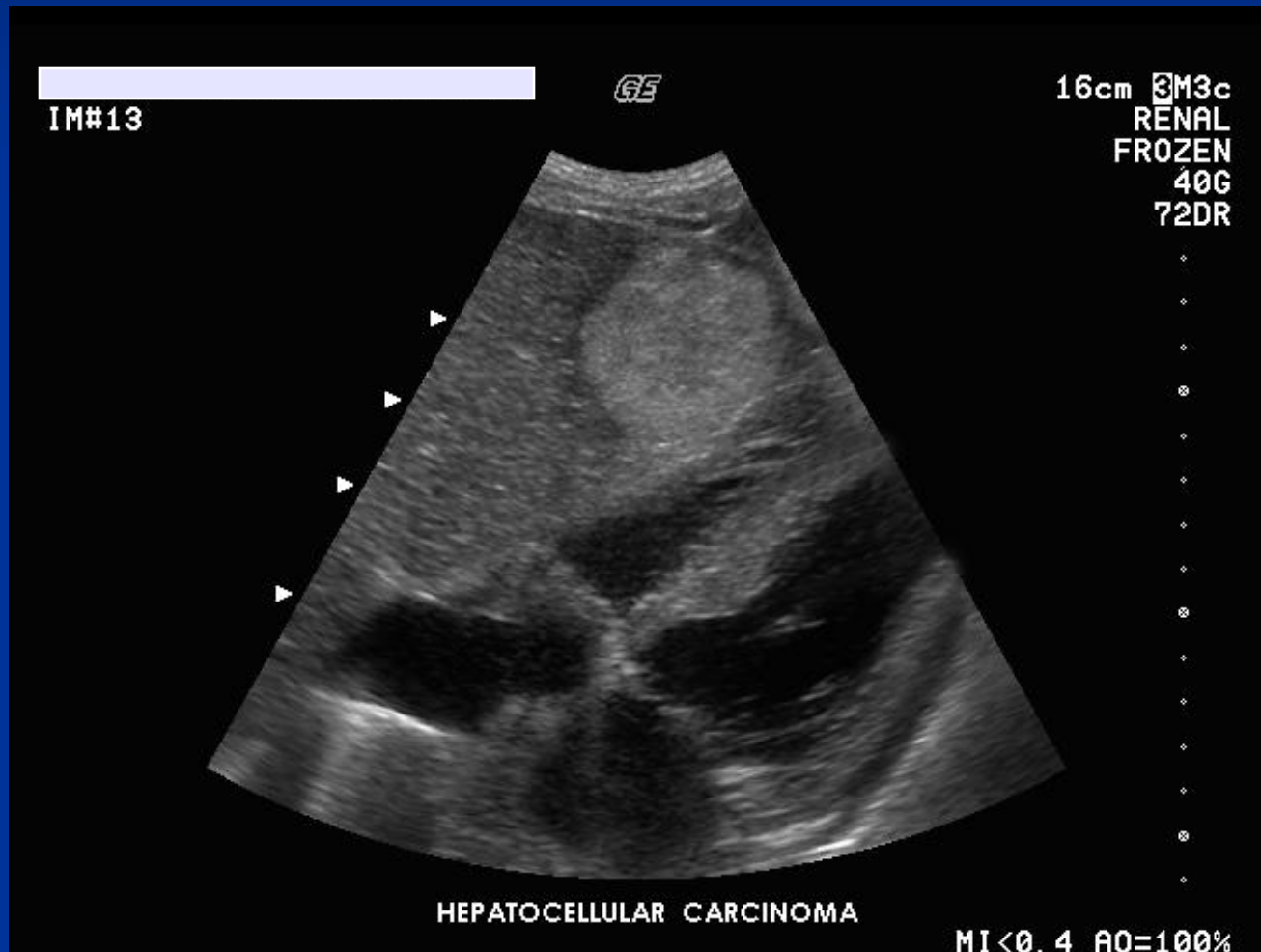
# Angioma - US



# HCC - ecografia



# HCC - ecografia

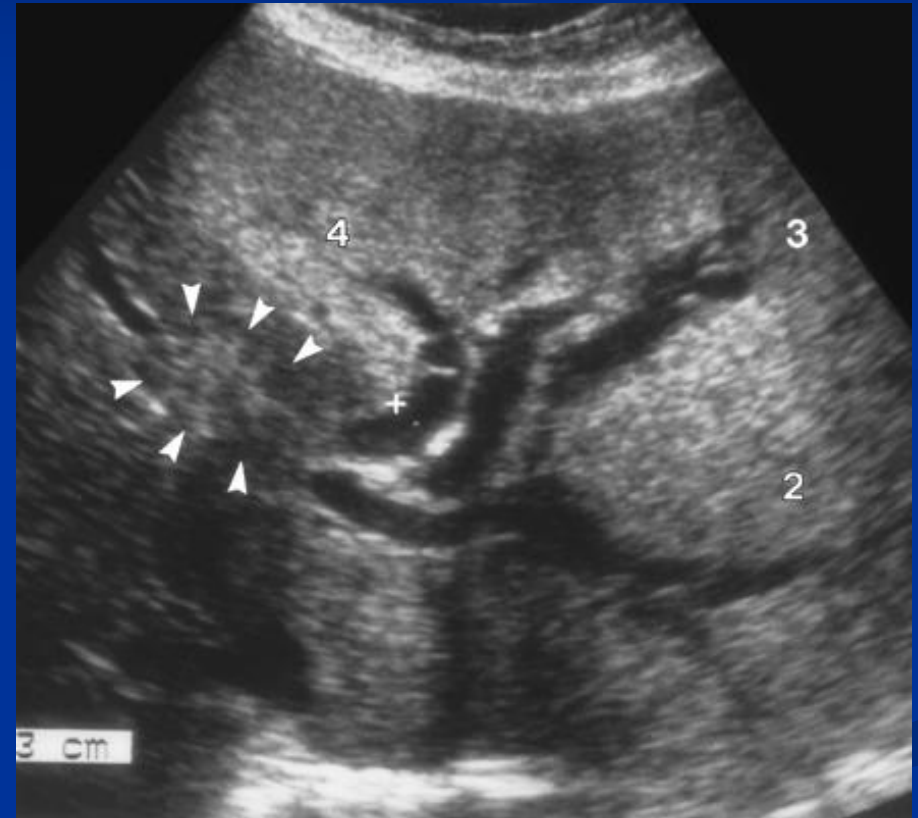
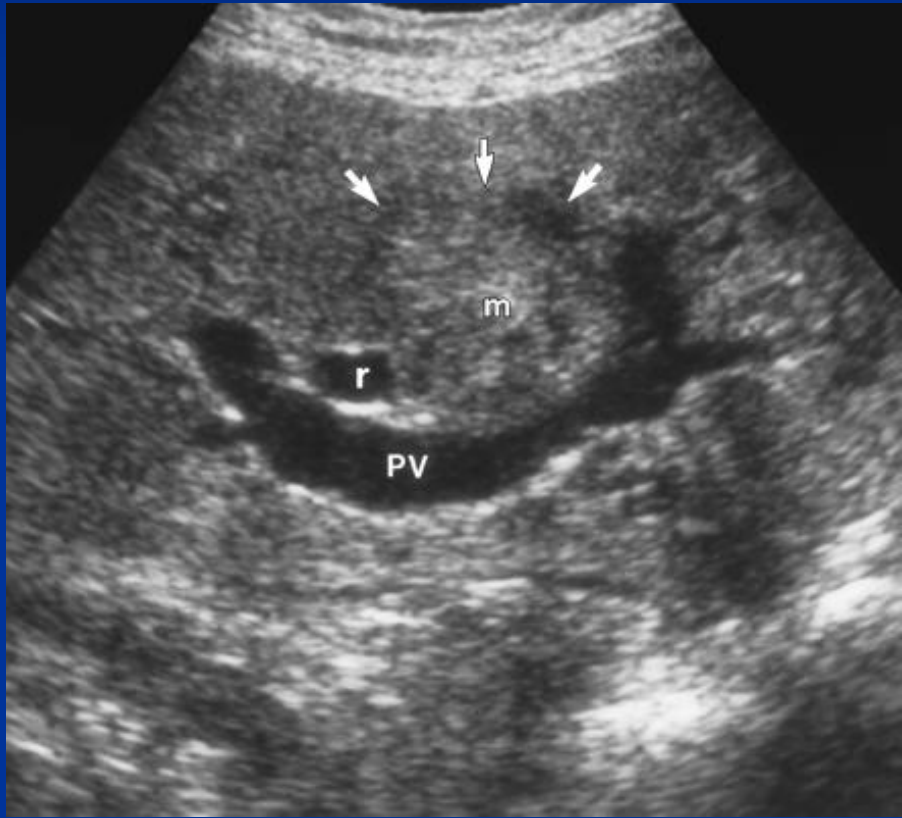




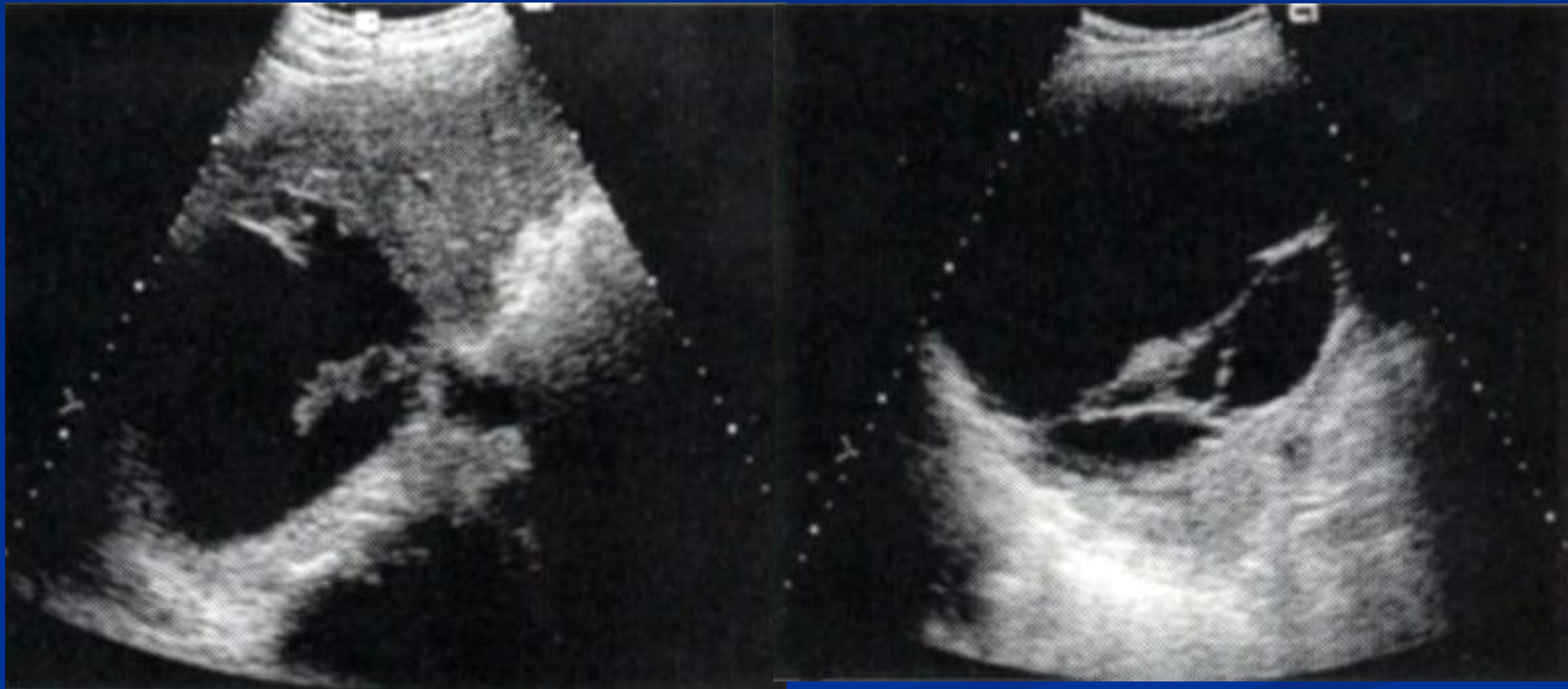
# HCC - ecografia



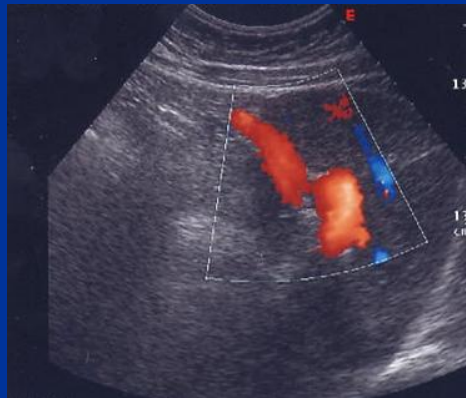
# Colangiocarcinoma



# Neoplasia cistica primitiva



# VENE PARAOMBELICALI





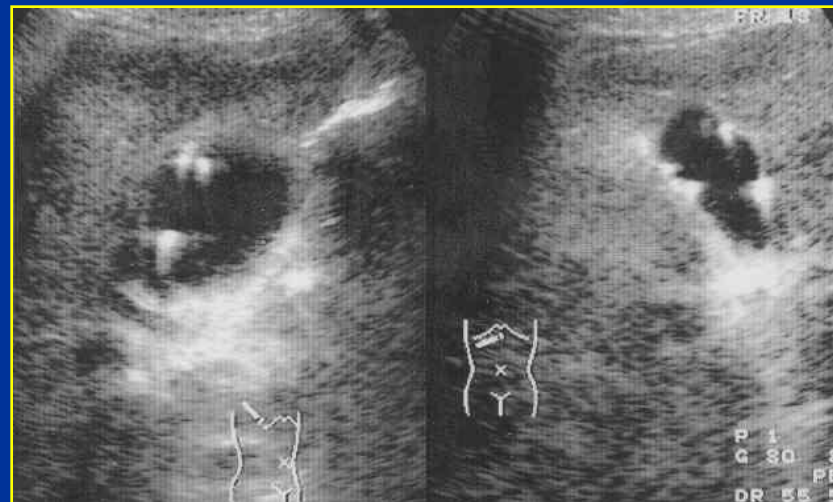
# CAVERNOMATOSI PORTALE





# COLECISTI E VIE BILIARI

# COLESTEROLOSI DELLA COLECISTI



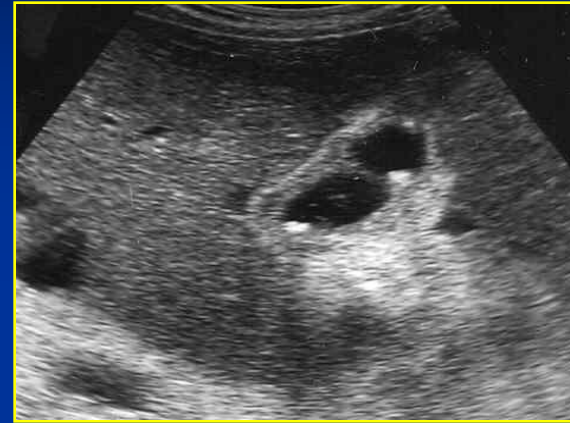
# CALCINOSI DELLA COLECISTI



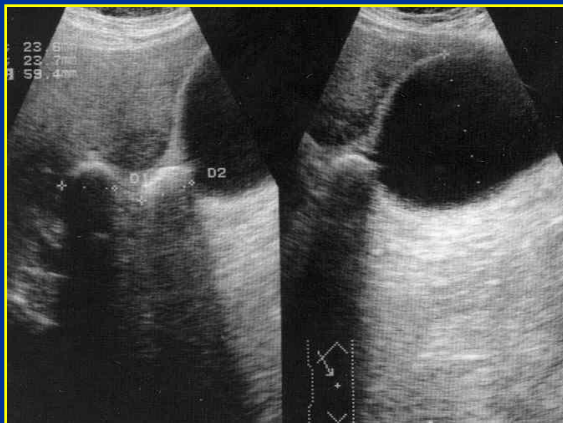
# CALCOLOSI DELLA COLECISTI ASPETTO ECOGRAFICO TIPICO



# CALCOLOSI DELLA COLECISTI ASPETTO ECOGRAFICO ATIPICO



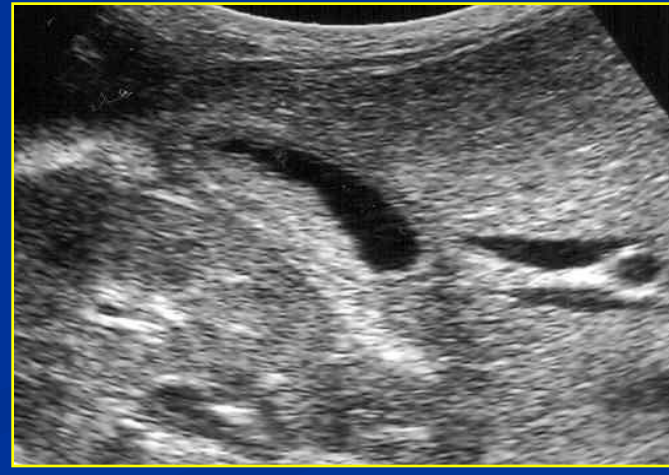
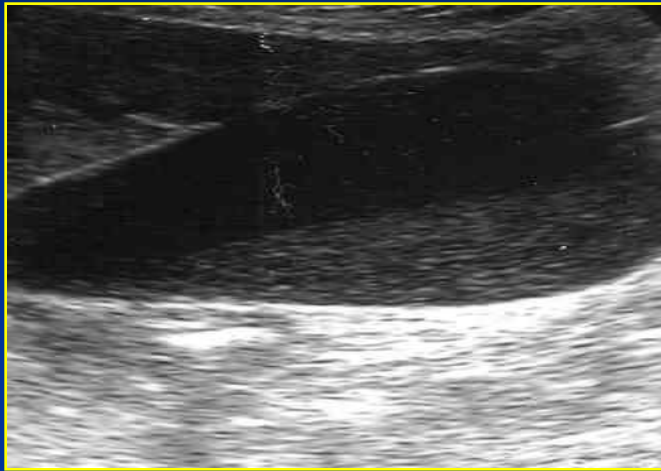
**MANCANZA DI PATTERN IPERECOGENO E CONO D'OMBRA**



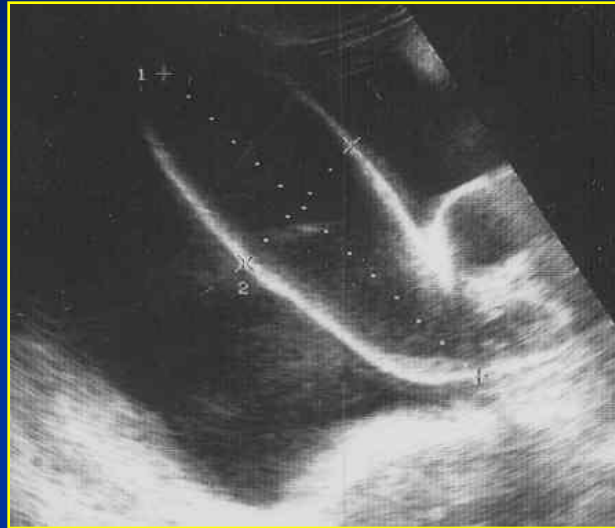
**MANCANZA DI MOBILITA' AL VARIARE DEL DECUBITO**



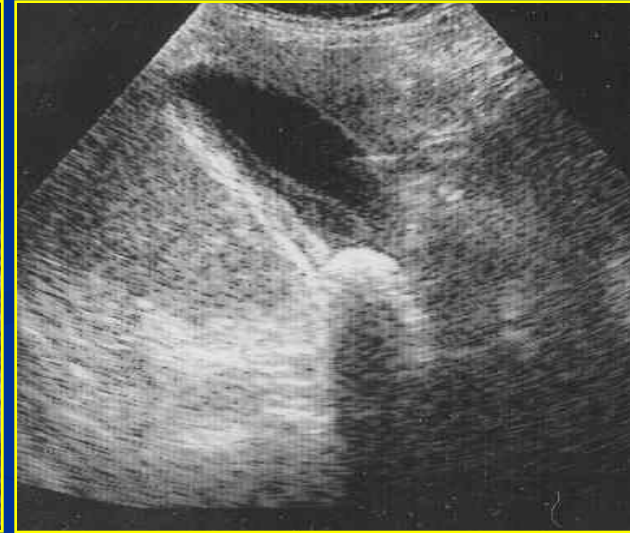
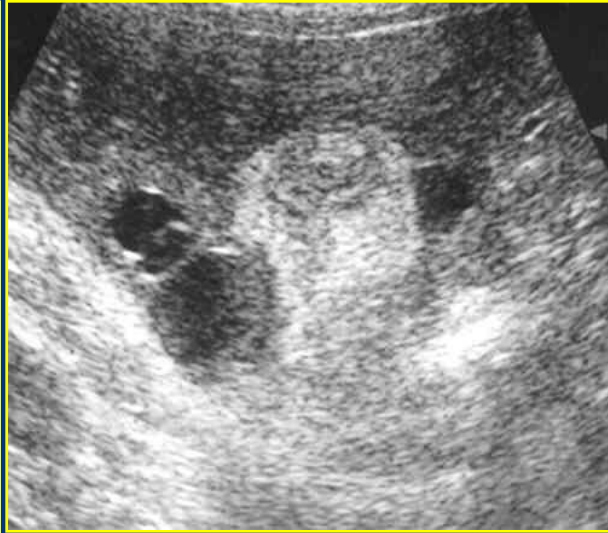
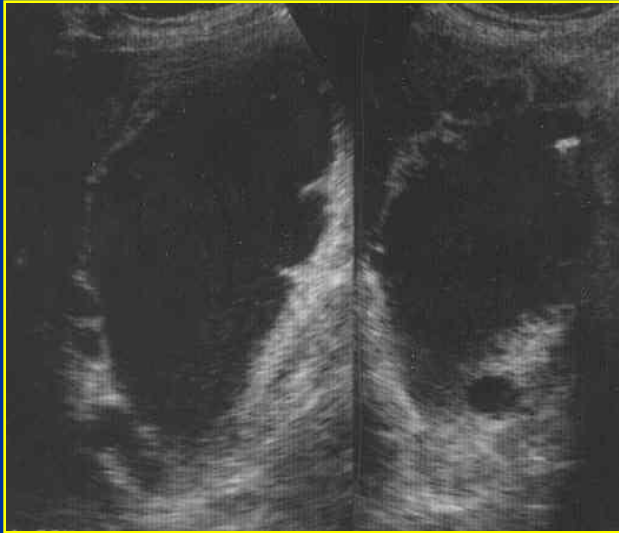
# SABBIA BILIARE NELLA COLECISTI



# IDROPE DELLA COLECISTI



# COLECISTITE ACUTA

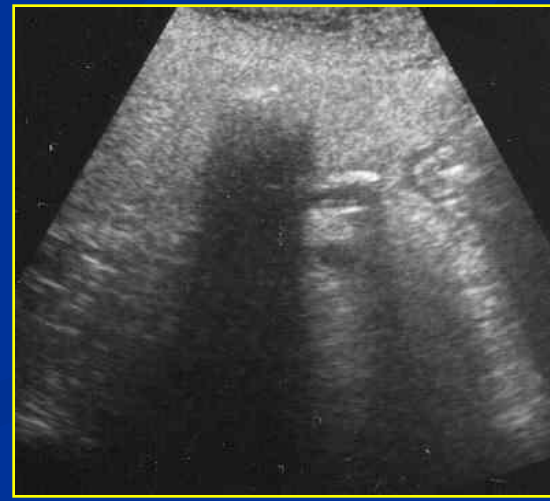


# EMPIEMA DELLA COLECISTI



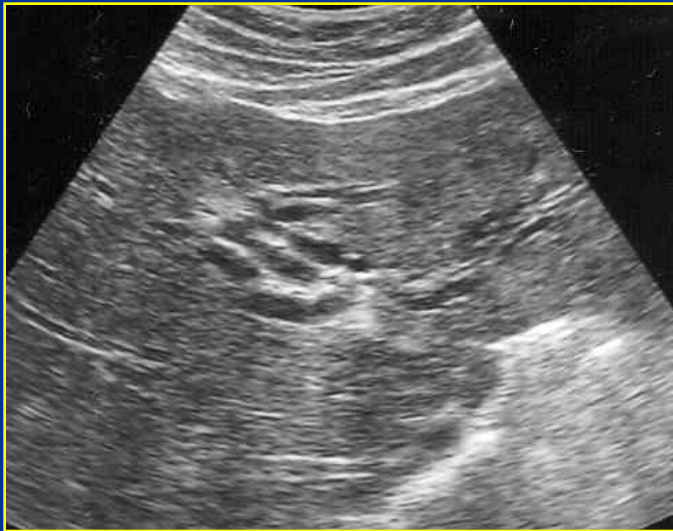


# COLECISTITE CRONICA E COLECISTI SCLERO-ATROFICA

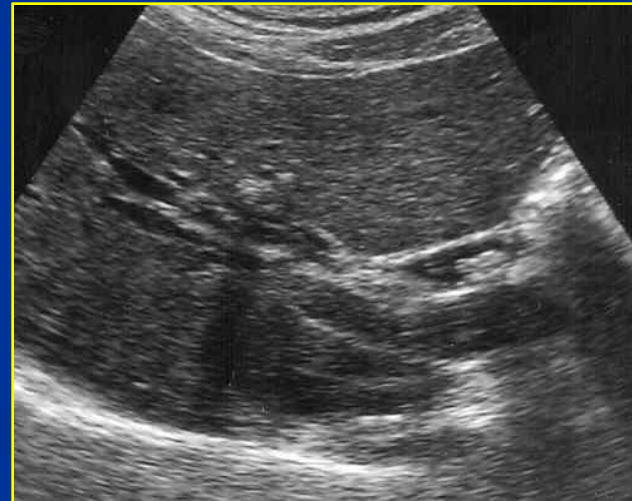
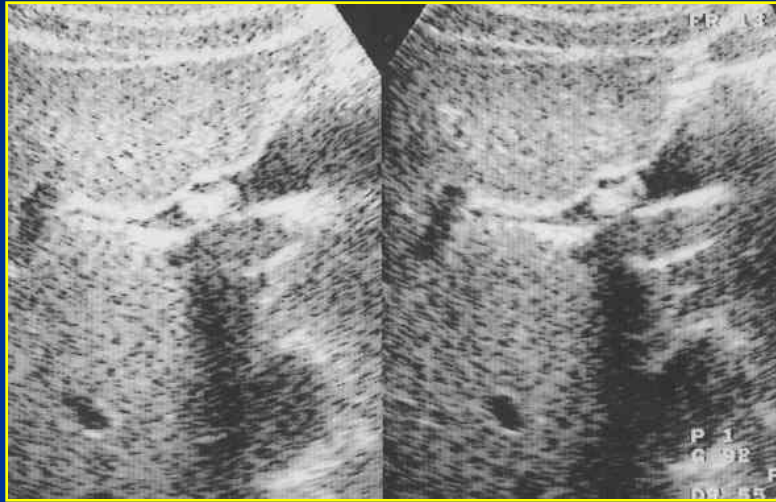




# DILATAZIONE VIE BILIARI INTRA-EPATICHE



# CALCOLOSI DELLA VBP



# ADENOCARCINOMA DELLA COLECISTI





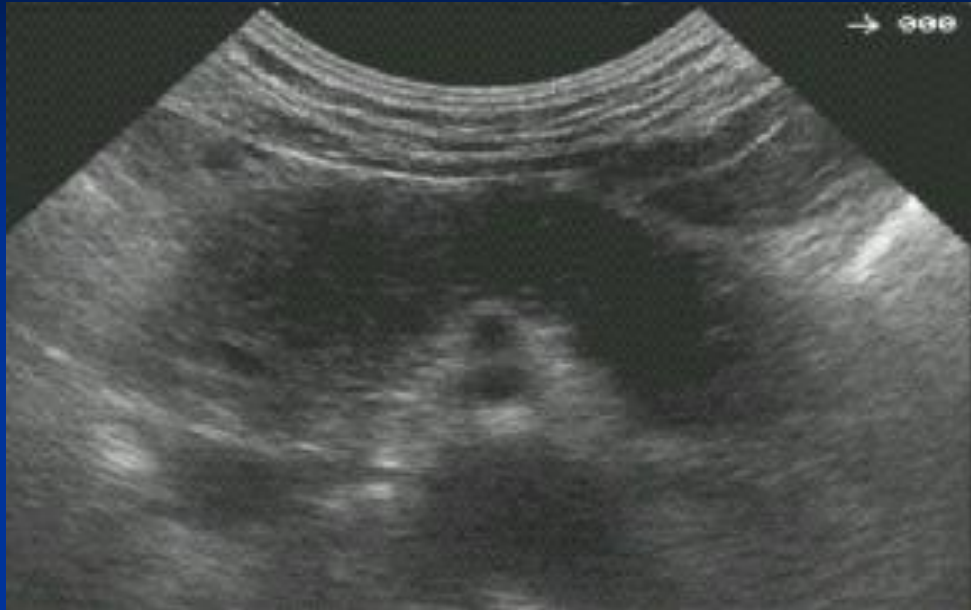
# MALATTIE DEL PANCREAS

*Dipartimento di “Diagnostica per immagini”*

*“Clinica Guarnieri”*

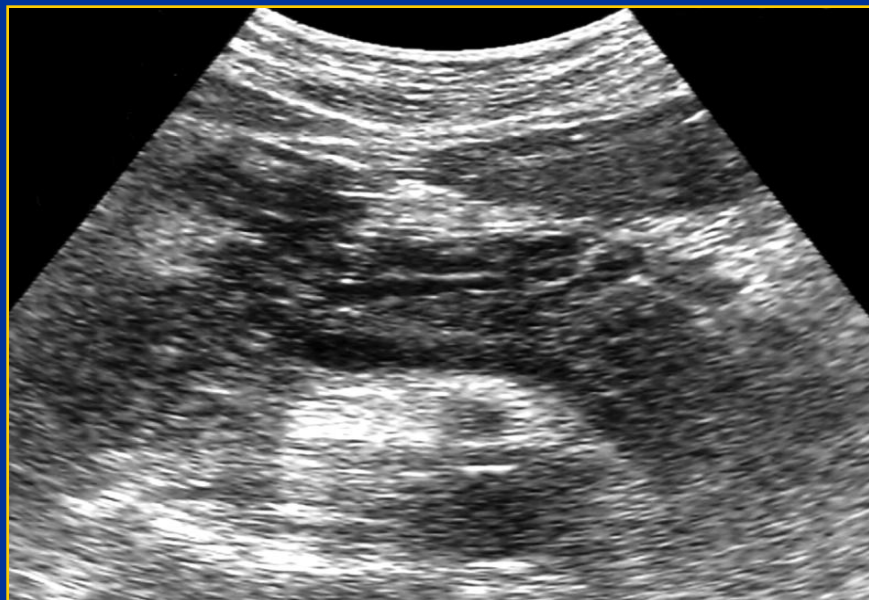
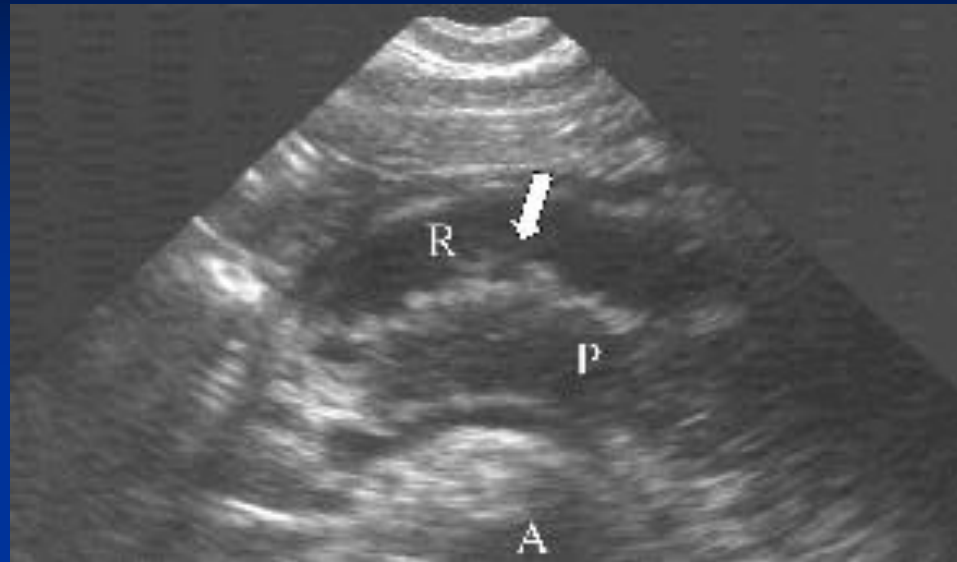
*Roma*

# PANCREATITIS ACUTA





# PANCREATITIS ACUTA



# Presenza di raccolte fluide

Spazio pararenale

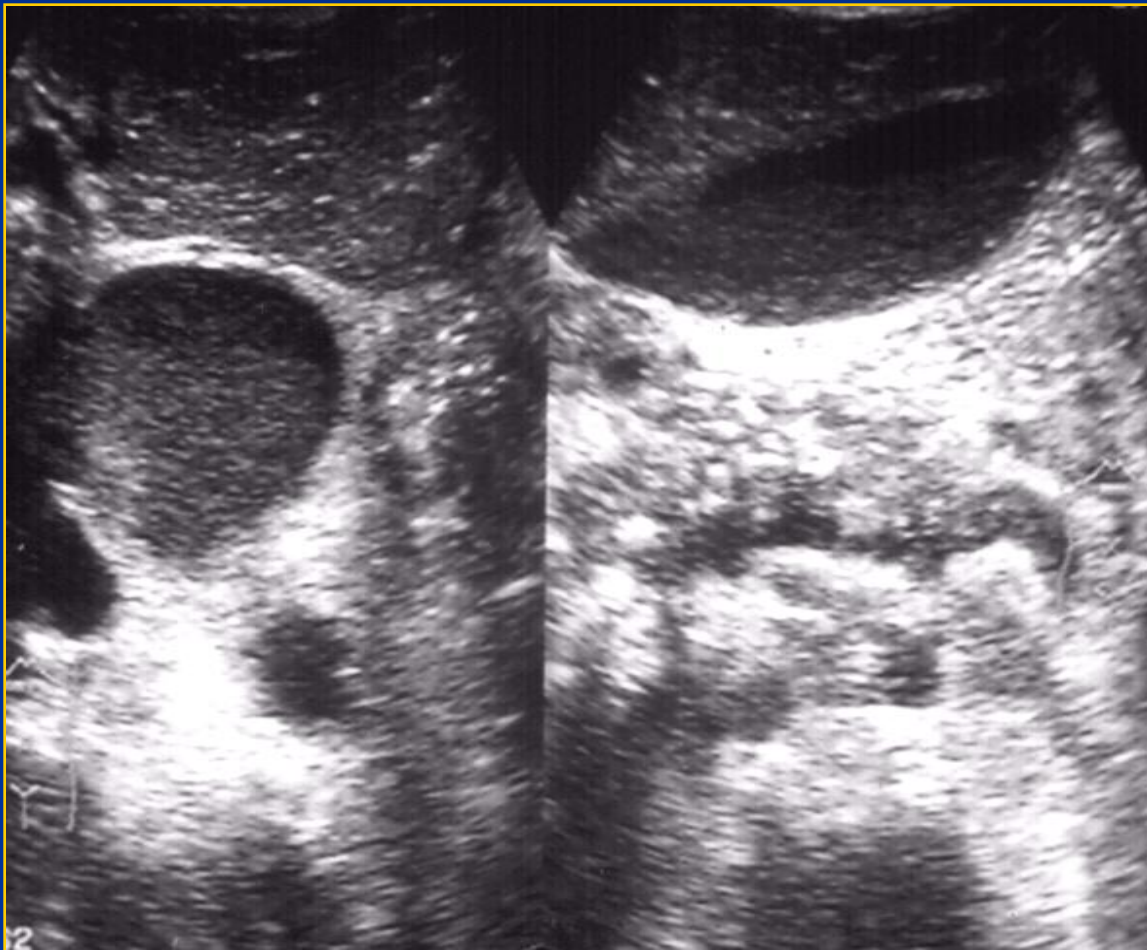


retrocavità degli epiploon

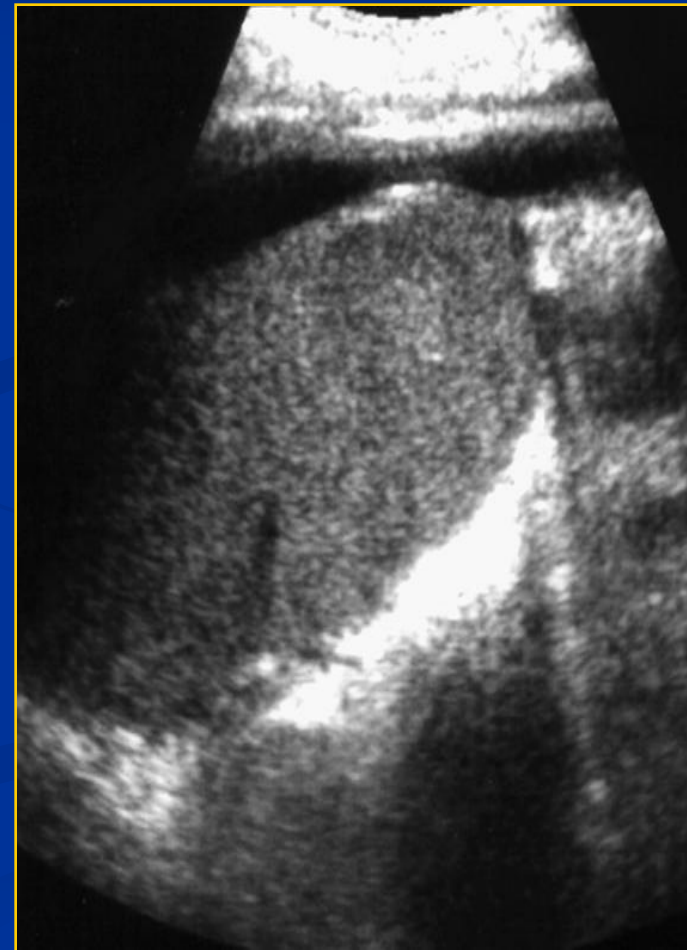


# PRESENZA DI RACCOLTE FLUIDE

legamento epato-duodenale e  
parenchima epatico

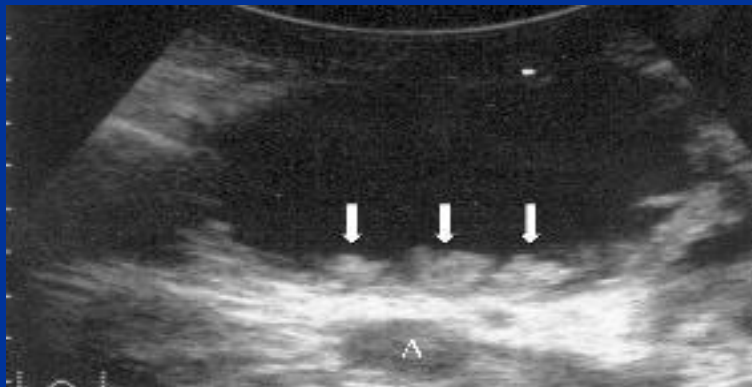
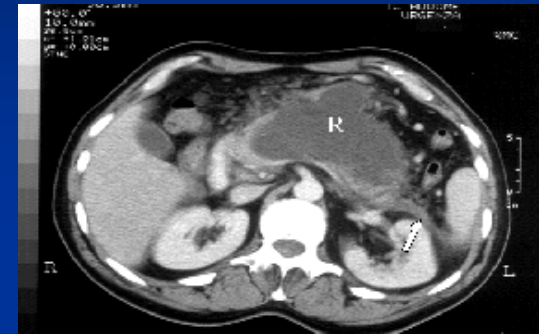
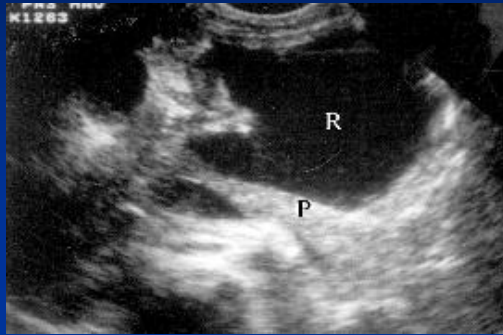


Loggia splenica

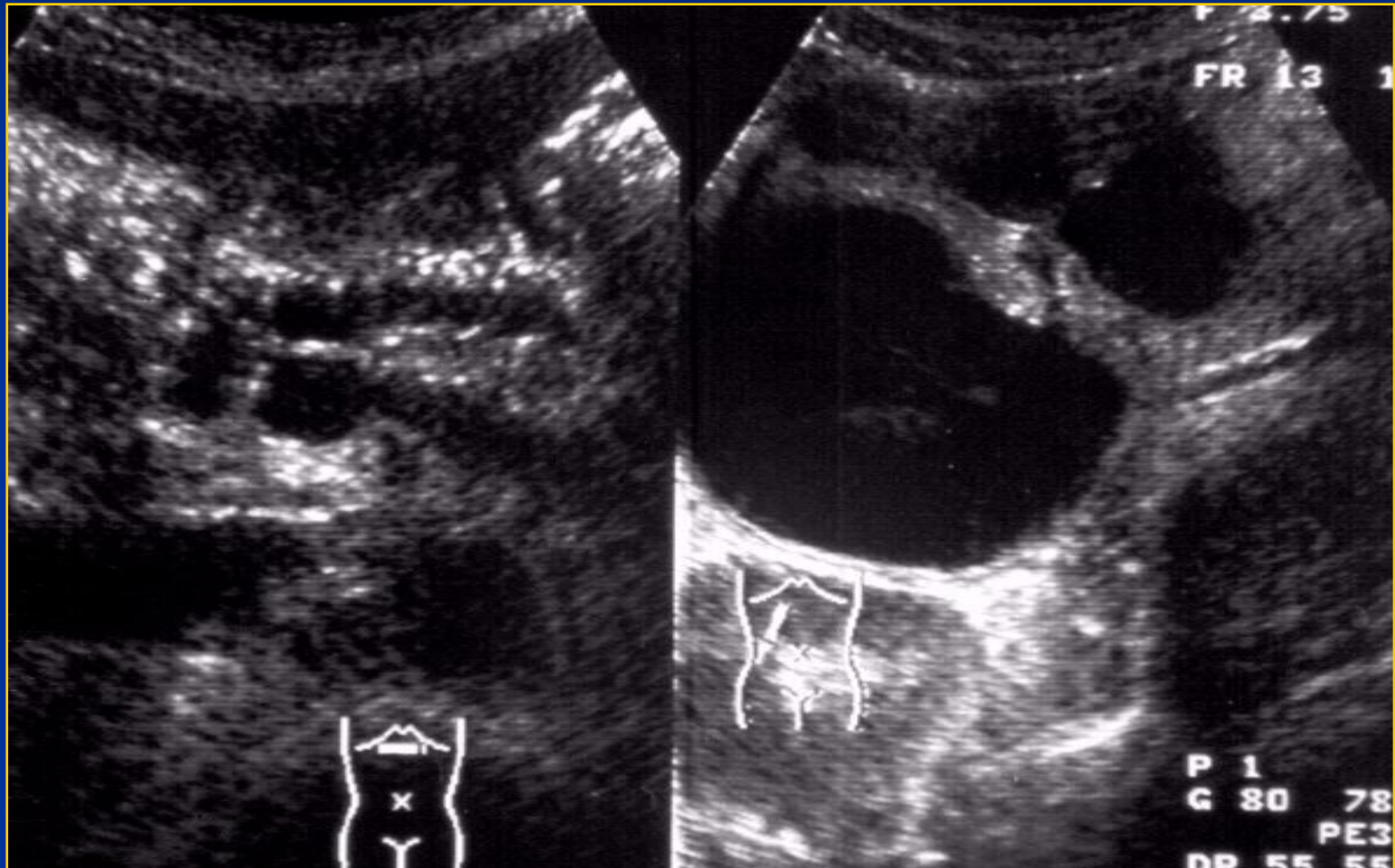




# PSEUDOCISTI PANCREATICHE



calcificazioni, Wirsung dilatato e irregolare, raccolte fluide perighiandolari





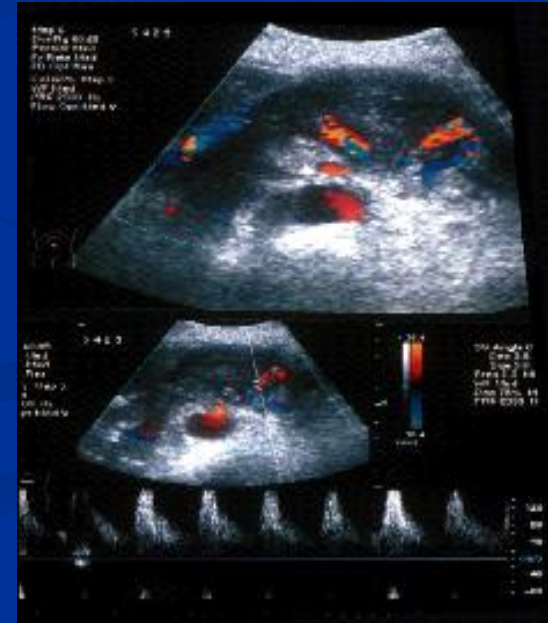
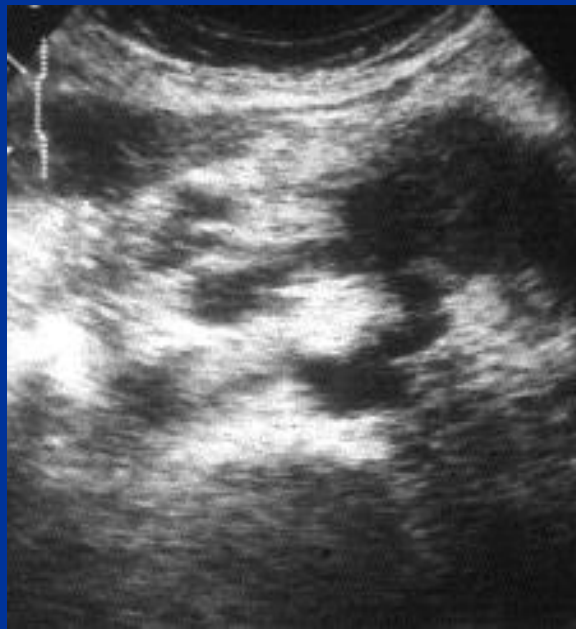
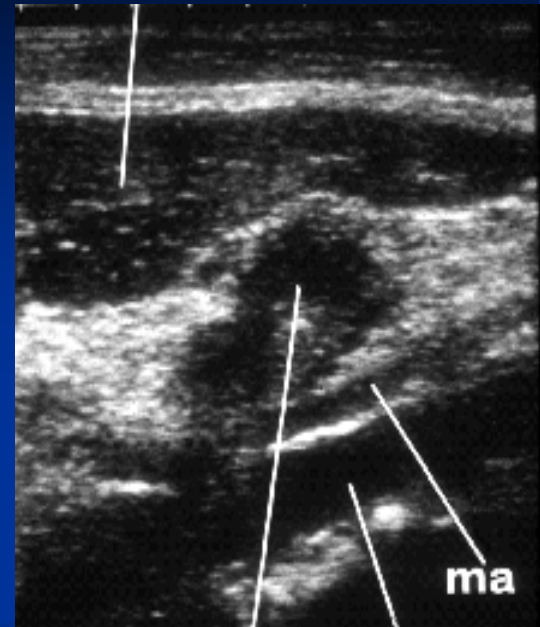
# Pancreatite Cronica Focale

massa ipoecogena della testa

massa ipoecogena della coda



# Tumori Solidi Del Pancreas

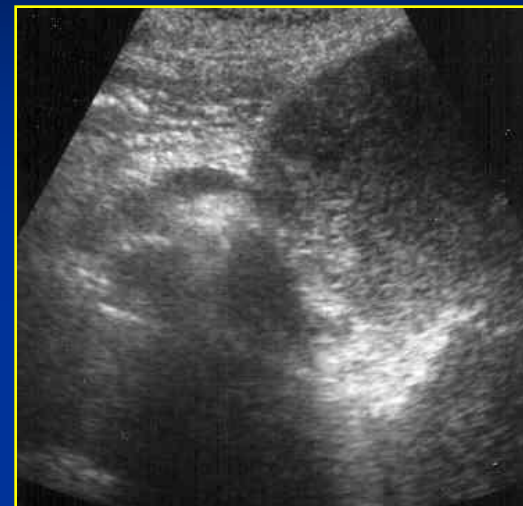


# NEOPLASIE CISTICHE PRIMARIE



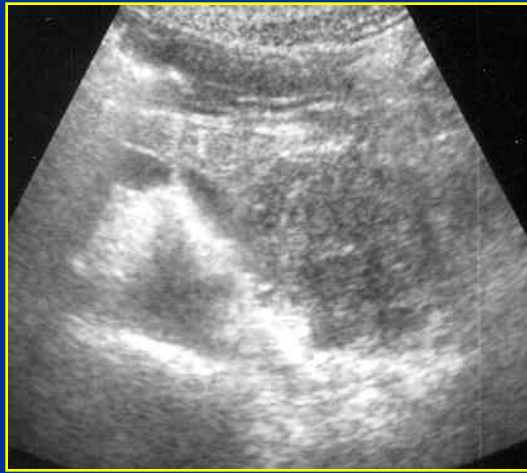
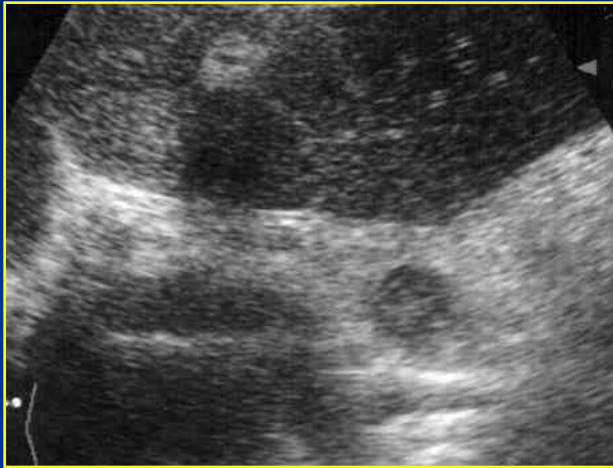
# NEOPLASIE CISTICHE DEL PANCREAS

## CISTOADENOCARCINOMA





# NEOPLASIE DELLA CODA DEL PANCREAS



# LINFOMA DEL PANCREAS



# METASTASI NEL PANCREAS

DA ADK GASTRICO



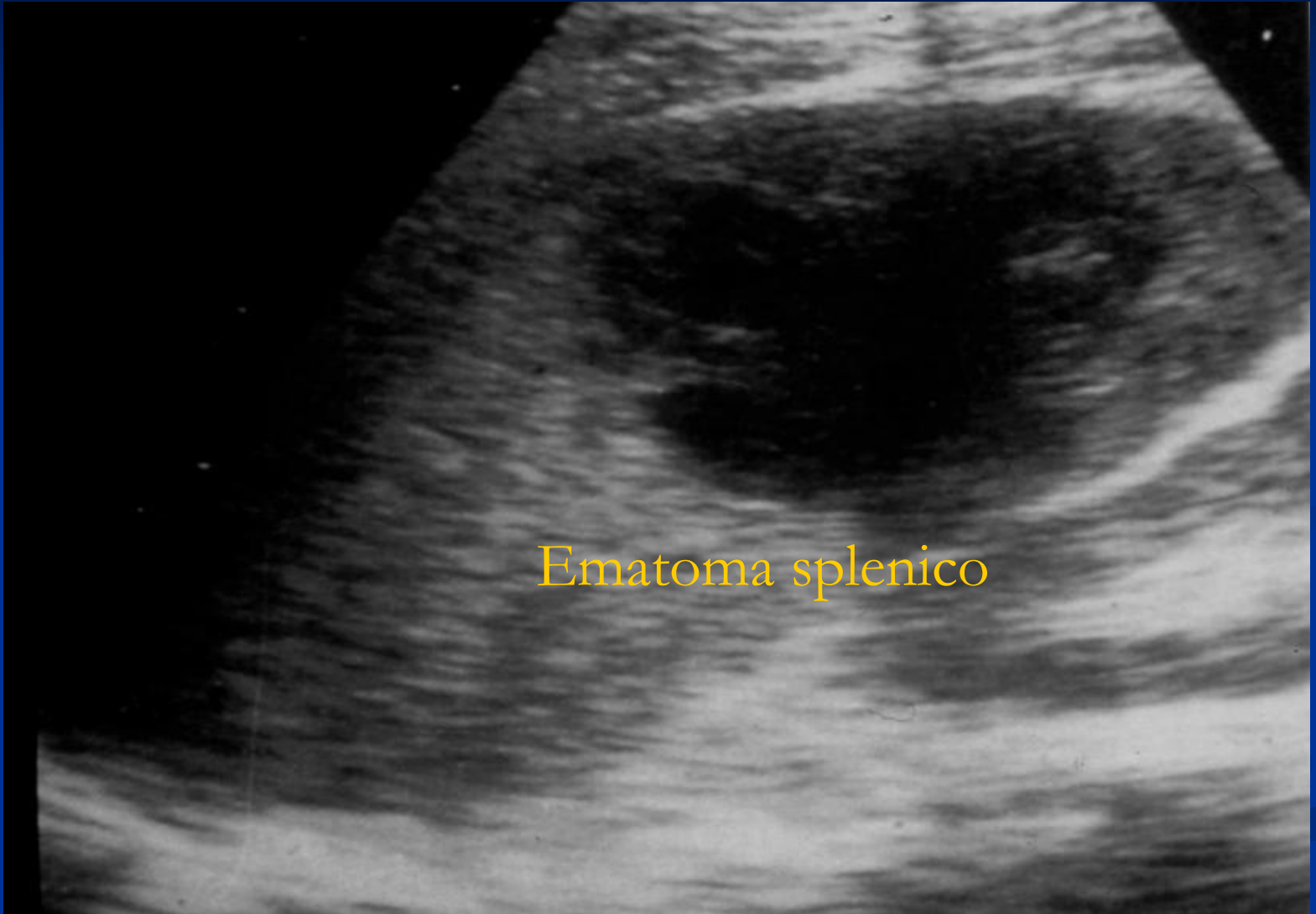
# **MILZA E LINFONODI ADDOMINALI**





Lesione cistica della milza

This is a B-mode ultrasound image of a spleen. The image shows a large, dark, anechoic region in the upper-middle part of the frame, which is characteristic of a fluid-filled cyst. The surrounding splenic parenchyma appears as a grainy, echogenic texture. A vertical scale bar is visible on the right side of the image. The text 'Lesione cistica della milza' is overlaid in the center in a yellow font.



Ematoma splenico

ITTOCAPSULARE

Ematoma sottocapsulare



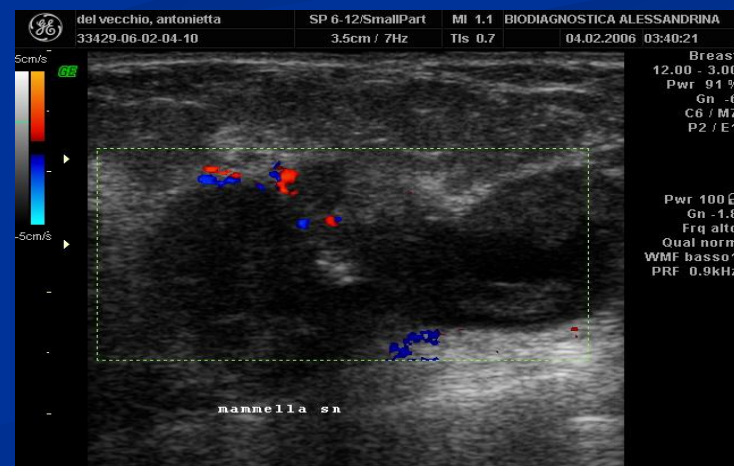
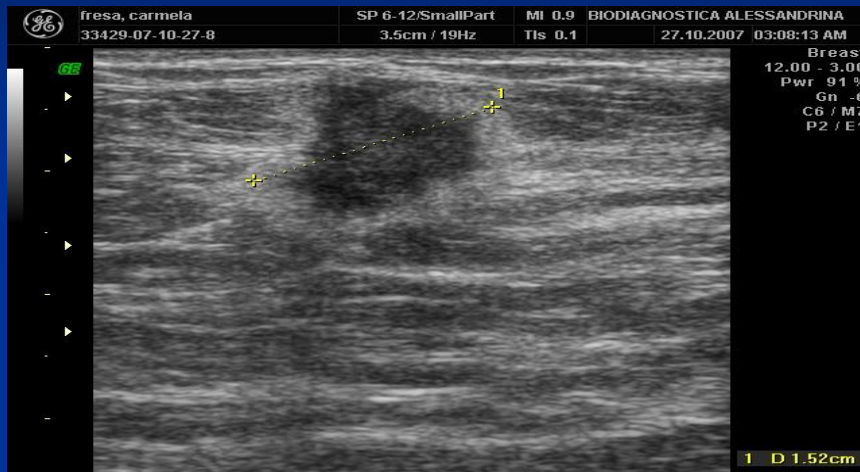


Metastasi spleniche

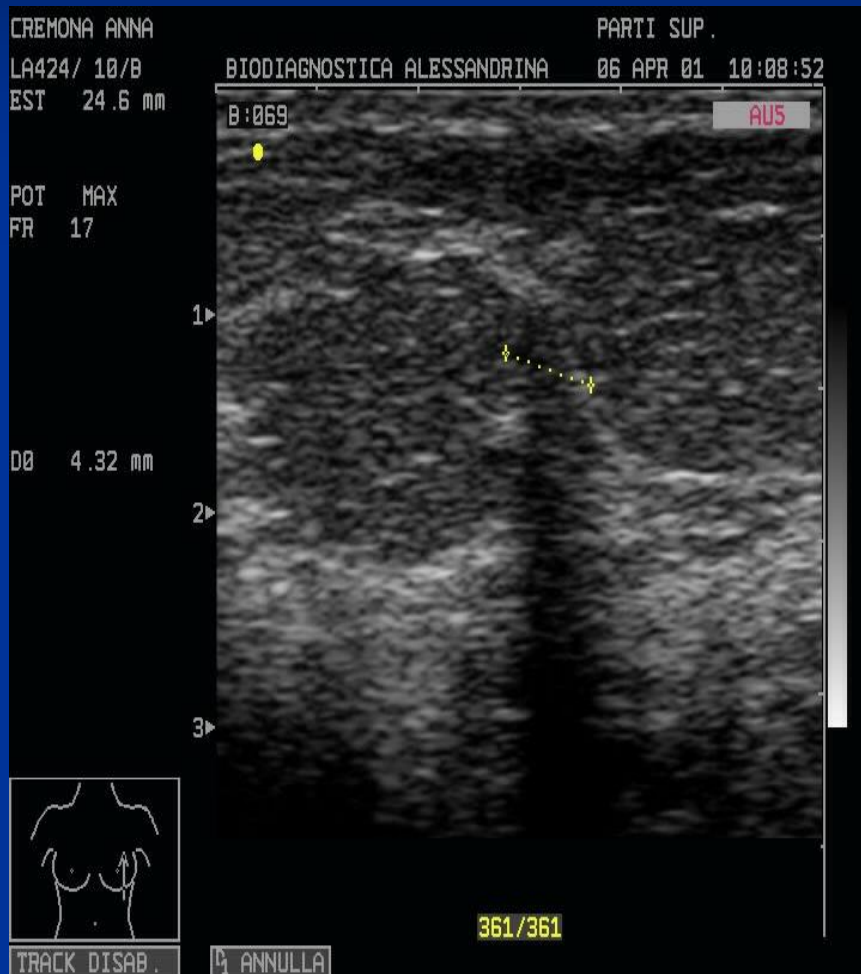




# Carcinoma mammario



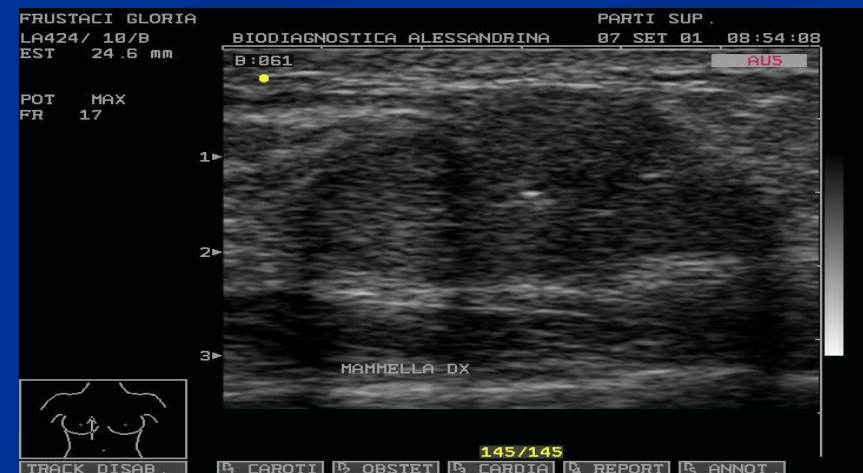
# Lesioni focali mammarie



Carcinoma



Lipoma

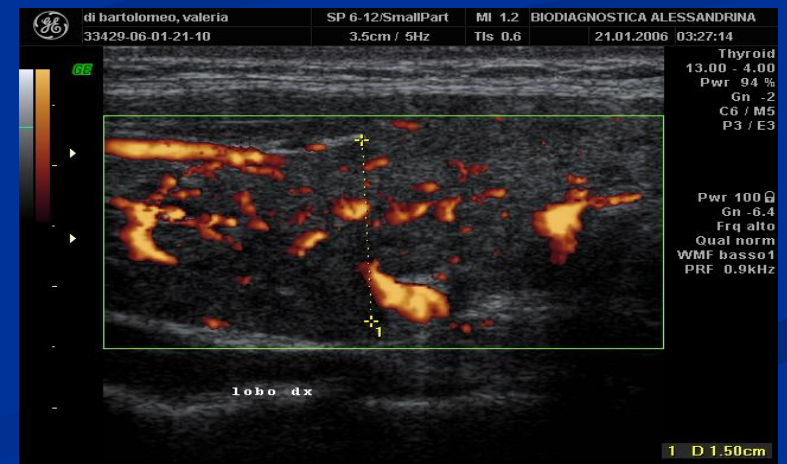
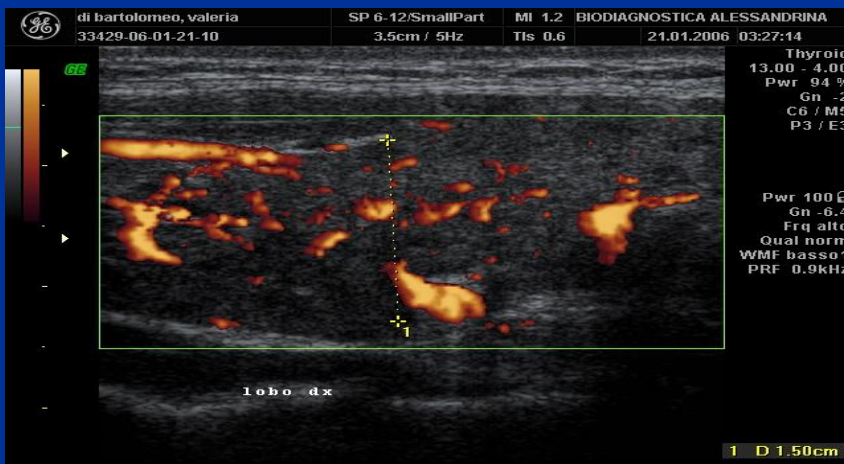
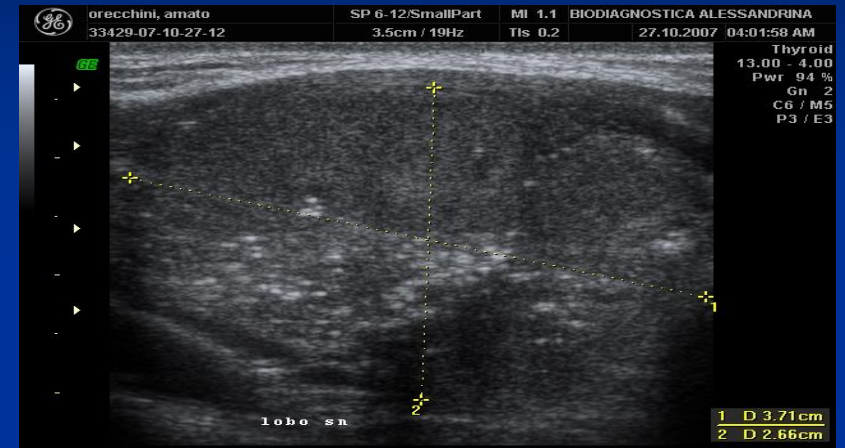
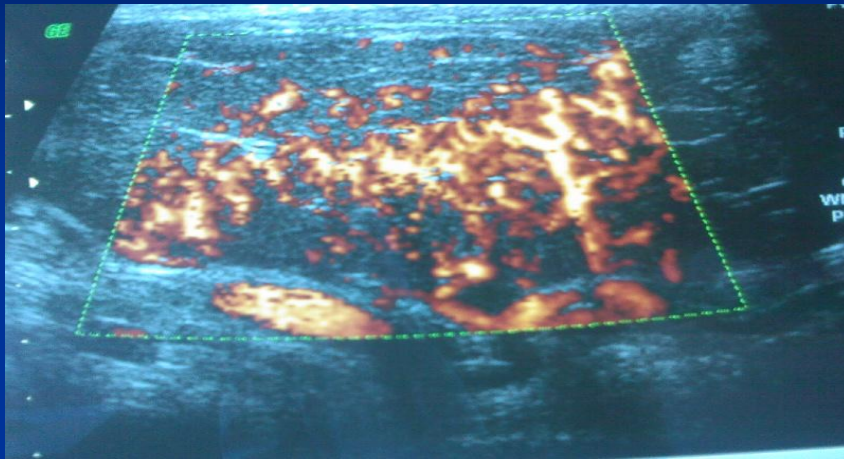


Fibroadenoma



# TIROIDE

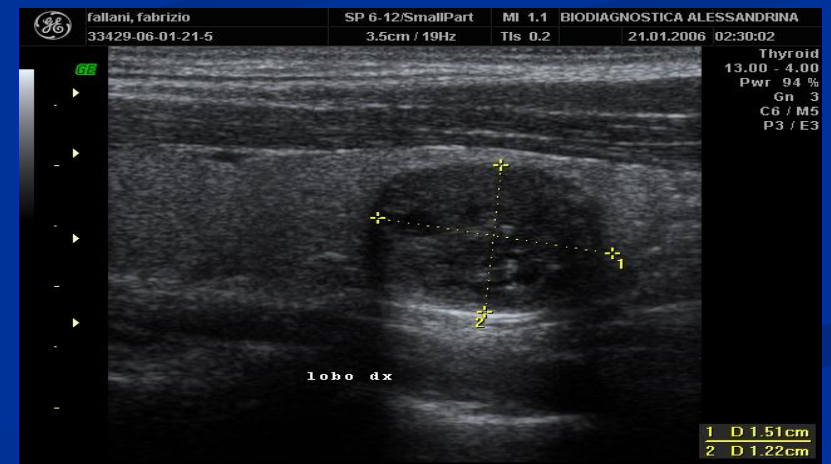
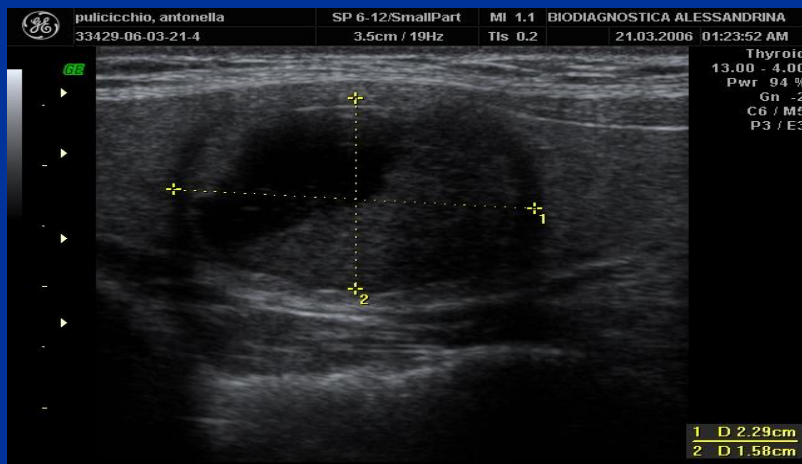
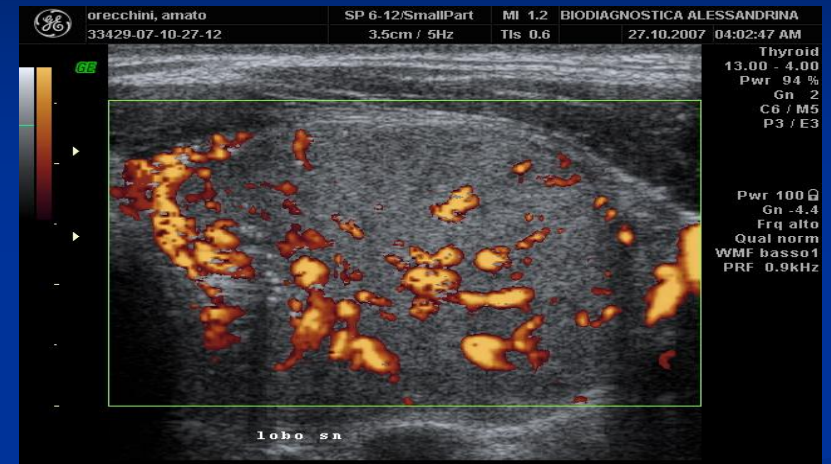
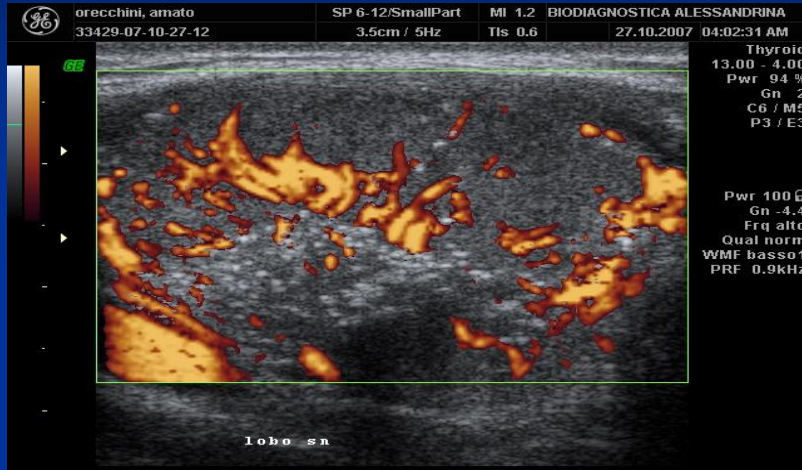
## Tiroiditi





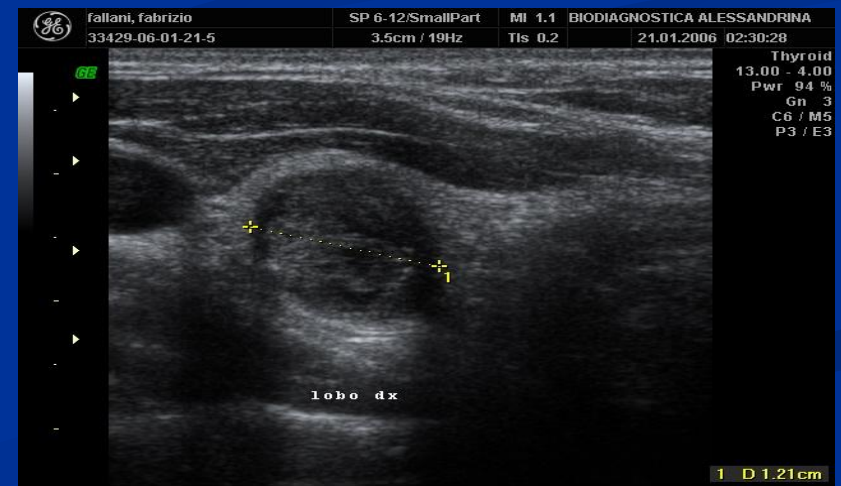
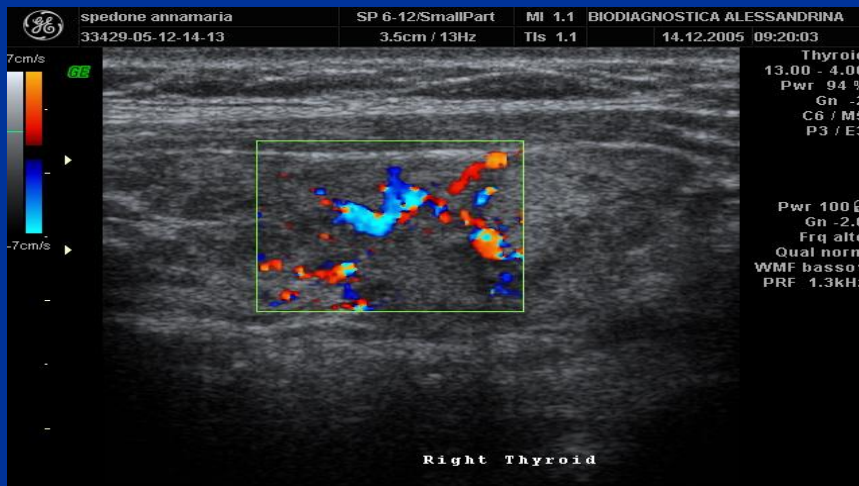
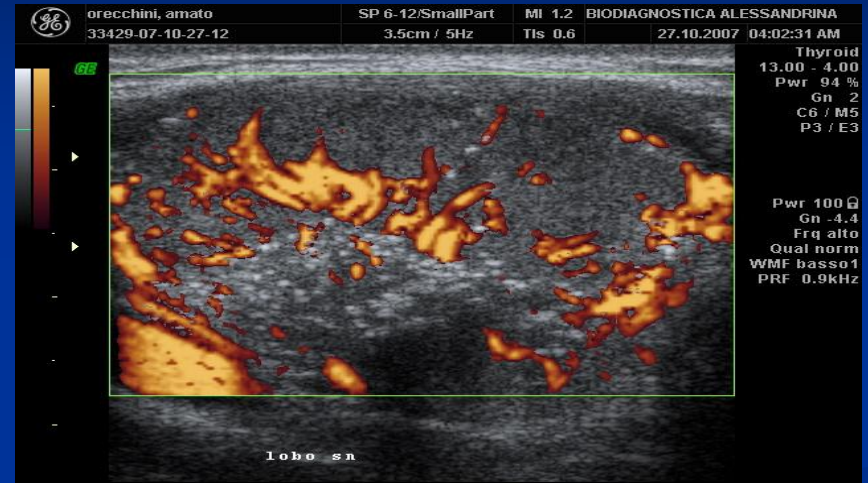
# TIROIDE

## Lesioni benigne

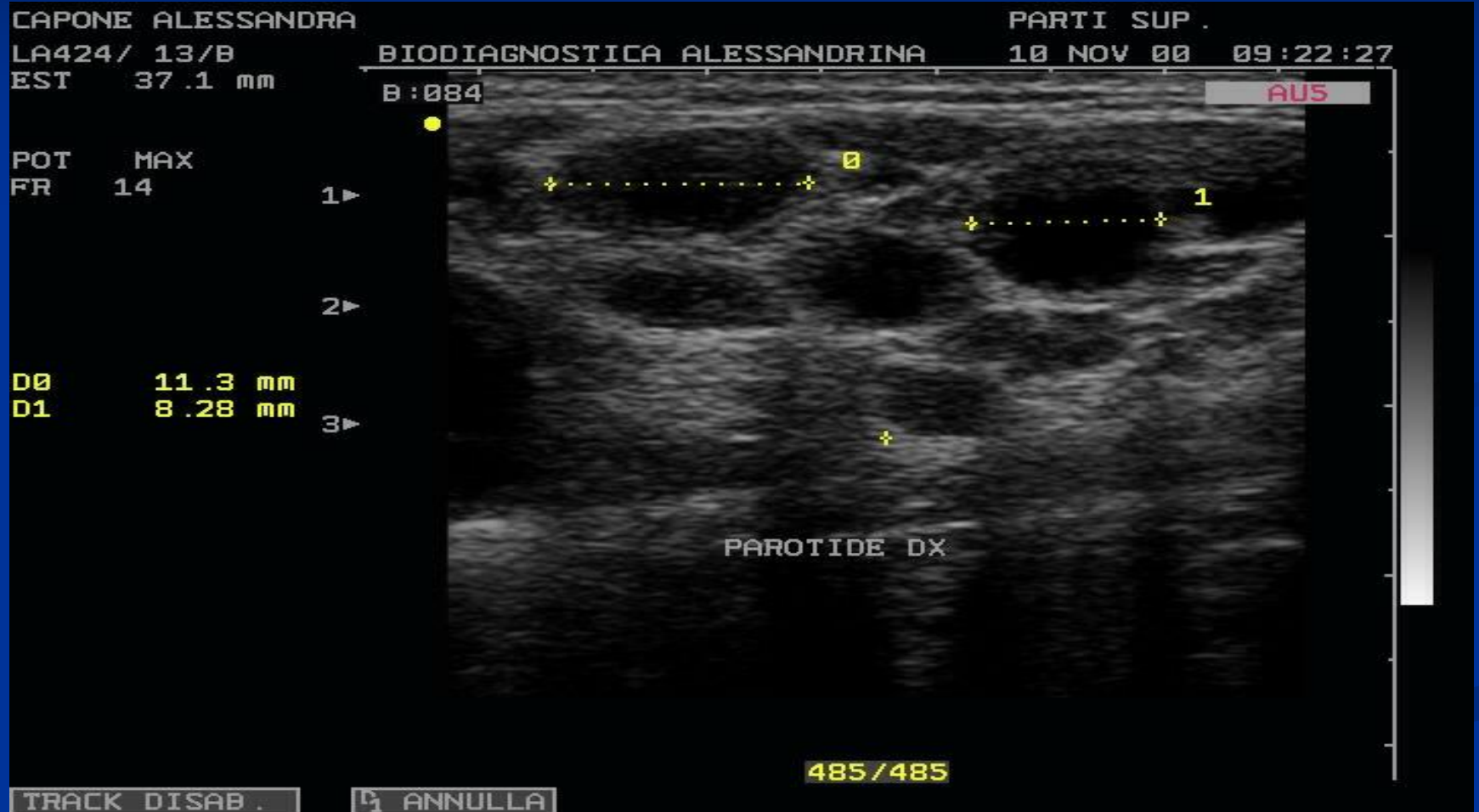


# TIROIDE

## Lesioni maligne

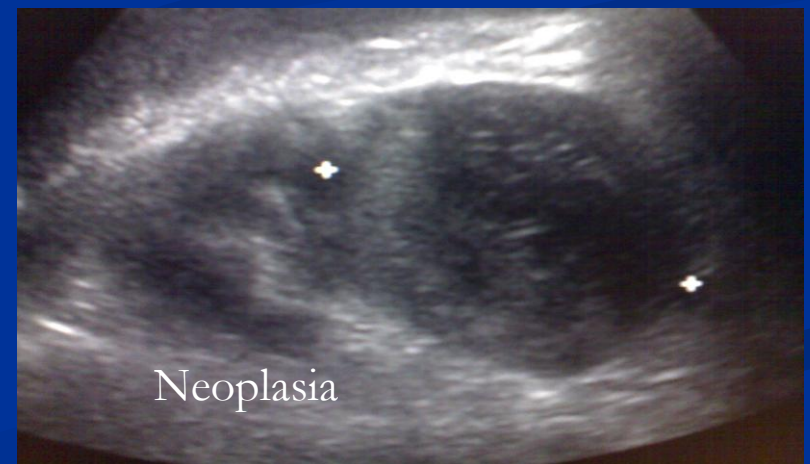


# PAROTIDE





# RENI





# RENE



Calcolosi



Rene a “ferro di cavallo”

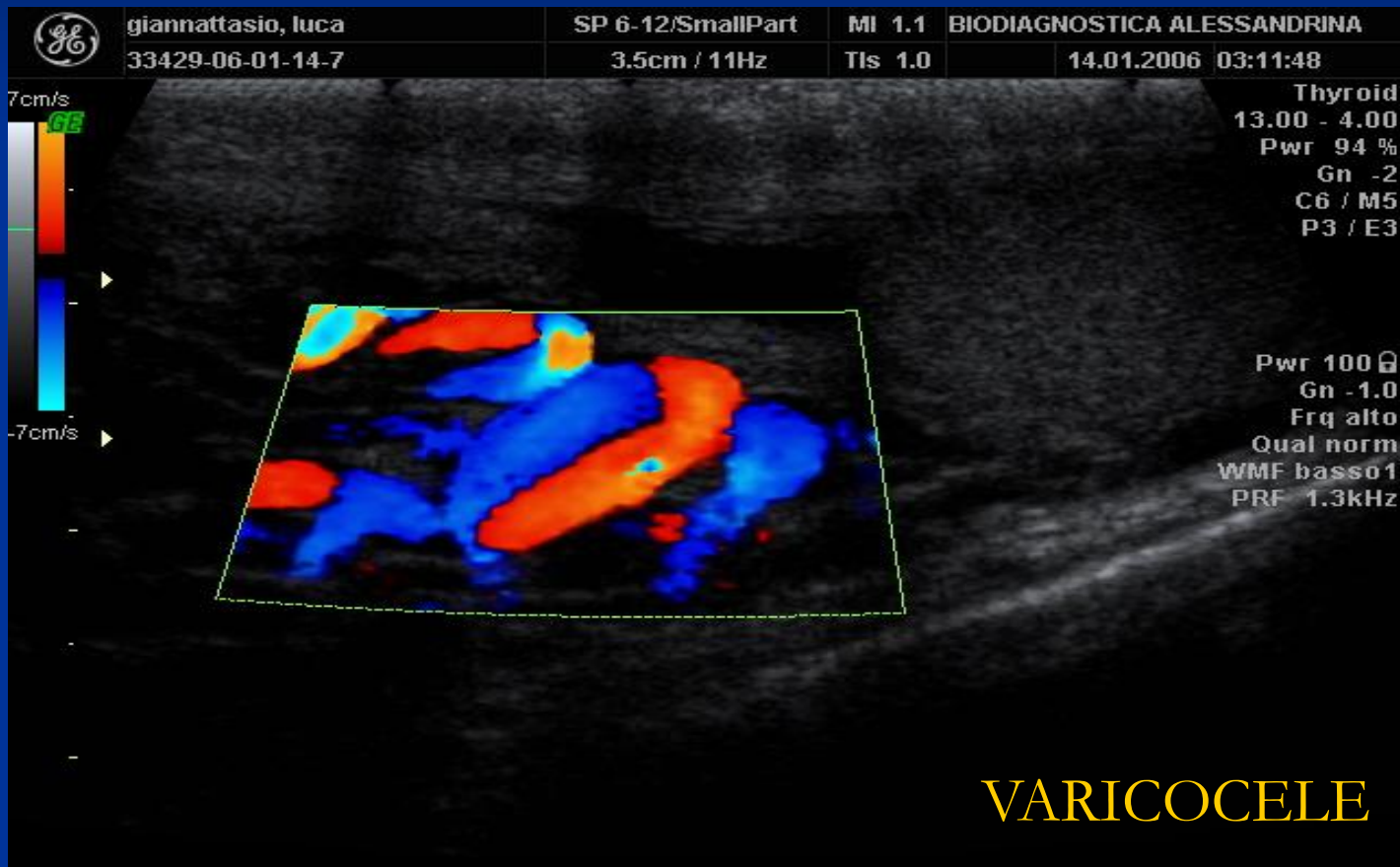


Angiomiolipoma



Rene grinzio

# TESTICOLI



# VESCICA



Neoplasia papillare

# VESCICA Neoplasie

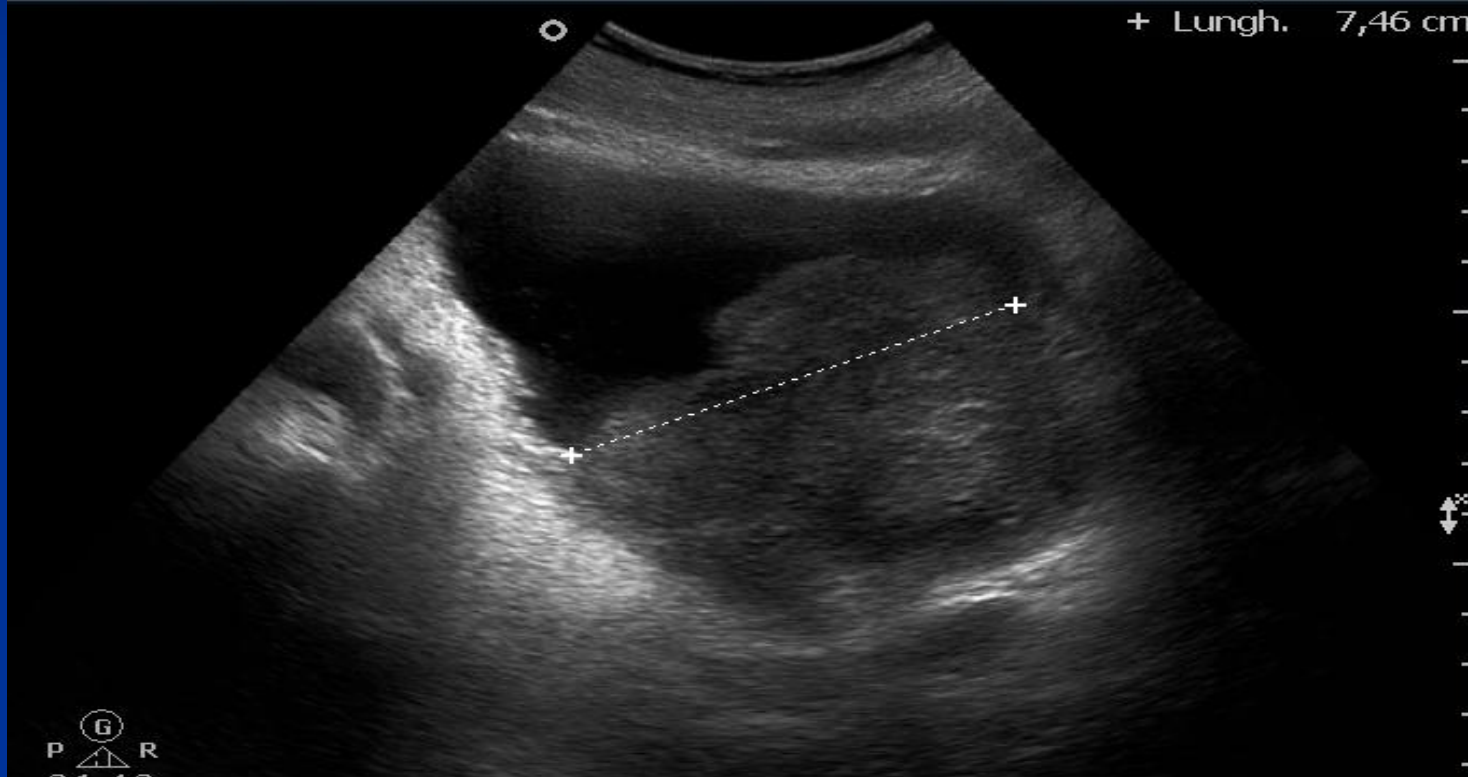
MARTINELLI, ELIO  
07-03-09-114653

Clinica Guarnieri - Roma

09/03/2007  
11:53:45

PHILIPS

+ Lungh. 7,46 cm



Pelvica  
C5-2  
MI 1,2  
TIS 0,9  
H3 Gn 53  
232dB/C4  
H/1/3

27Hz 18cm

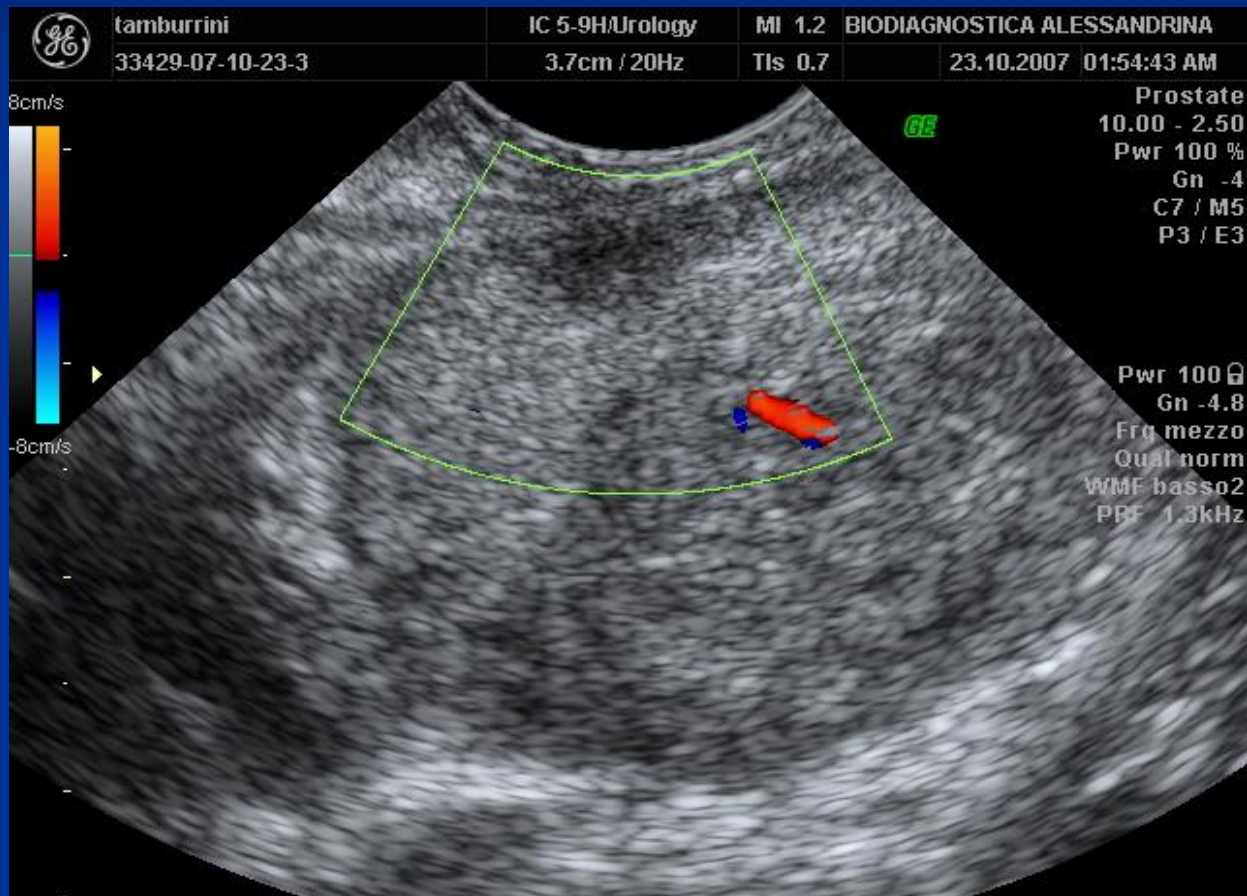


G  
P R  
2,1 4,2



# PROSTATA

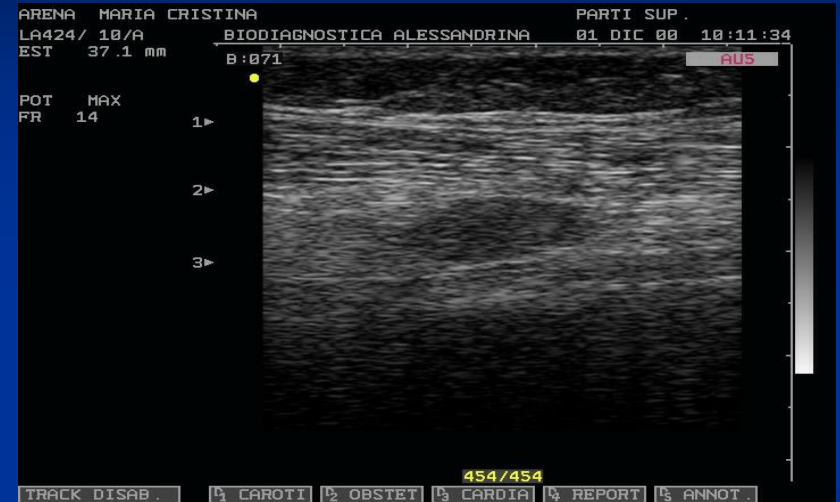
## Neoplasie



# Ecografia muscolo-scheletrica



Cisti di Baker"complicata"



Neurofibroma della coscia

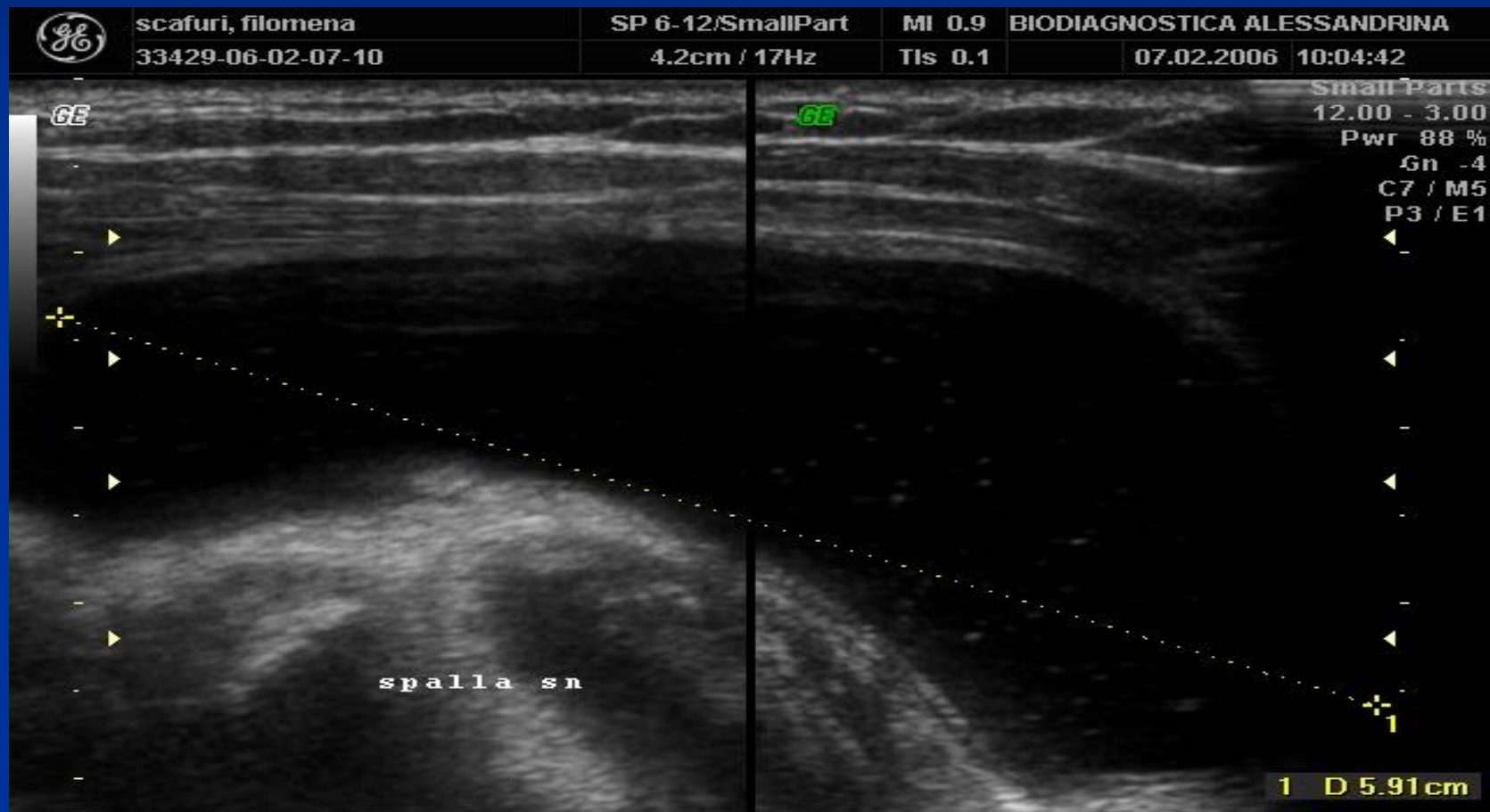


Rottura parziale tendine achilleo



Rottura totale m.retto femorale

# SPALLA

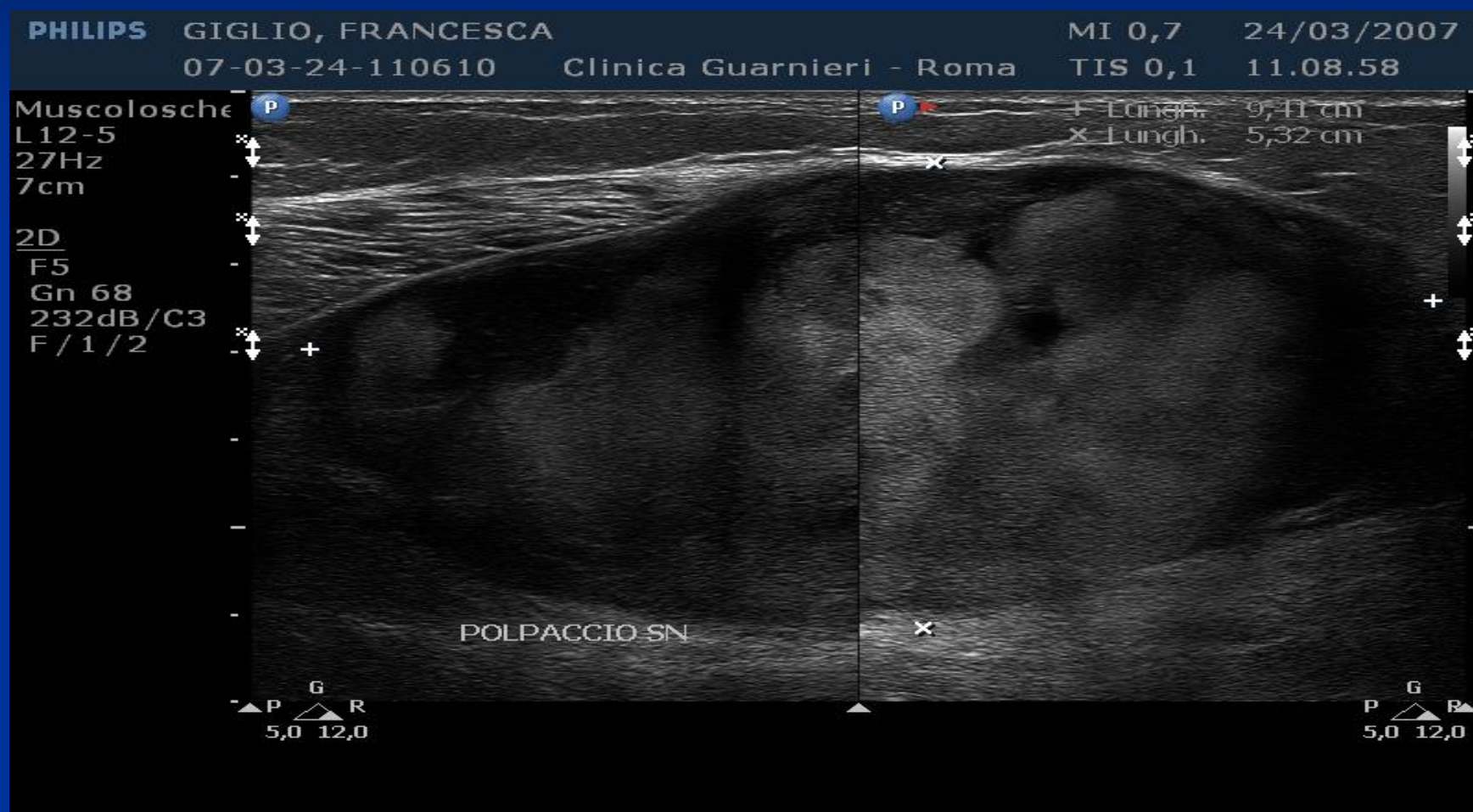


# SPALLA





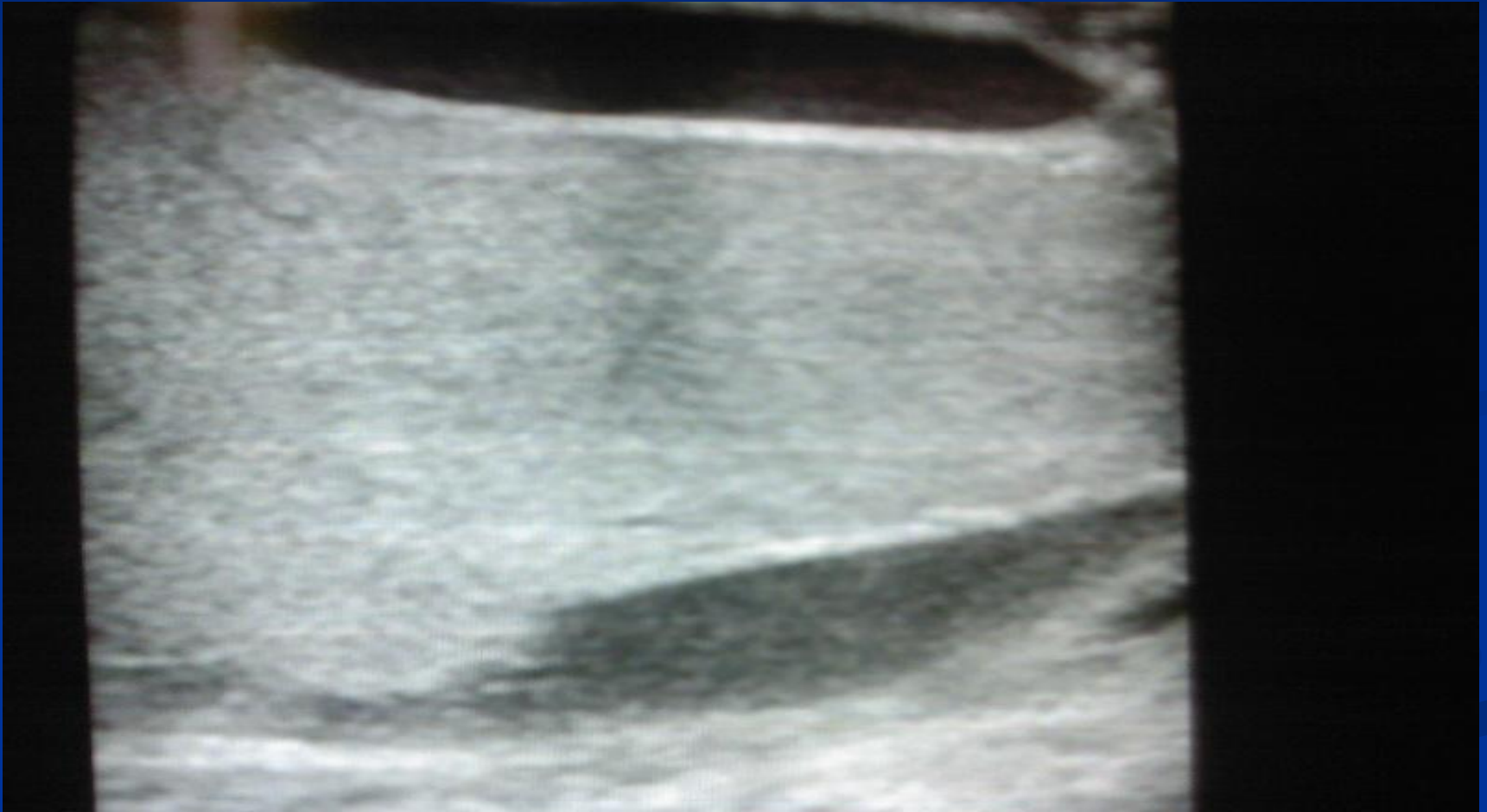
# Neoplasie muscolari



# Ureterocele



# Rottura del testicolo



# Glomerulonefrite





# LINFOMA

